INSURANCE INTERMEDIARIES & MANAGERS MODULE



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MODULE	IM:	Insurance Intermediaries & Managers
CHAPTER	IM-A:	Introduction

IM-A.1 Purpose

Executive Summary

IM-A.1.1 This Module summarises the key aspects of requirements applicable to <u>insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> licensed in Bahrain, which are set out in full elsewhere in the different subject Modules of Volume 3 (Insurance). This Module is intended as an introductory guide to these Regulations and Directives, for potential license applicants, <u>insurance brokers</u>, <u>insurance consultants</u>, <u>insurance managers</u> and other interested parties. This Module only contains guidance material; in the event of discrepancy between this Module and the rules themselves, the latter will prevail.

IM-A.1.2 For the purposes of this Module, the following terms will apply:

Insurance Broker

As per Paragraph AU-1.4.10, the broking of insurance contracts means:

- (a) Acting as an agent for another <u>person</u> in relation to the buying of insurance for that other <u>person</u>;
- (b) Making arrangements with a view to another <u>person</u>, whether as principal or agent, buying insurance; or
- (c) Advising on insurance.

Insurance Consultant

As per Paragraph AU-1.4.16, the offering of insurance advice (insurance consultant) means advising on insurance to third parties, without also acting as agent or making arrangements with a view to another <u>person</u> buying insurance.

Insurance Manager

As per Paragraph AU-1.4.20, the provision of insurance management services means the provision of management services to, or the exercising of managerial functions on behalf of, an <u>insurance firm</u>. An <u>insurance manager</u> is appointed by an <u>insurance firm</u> and is licensed in Bahrain to perform, under a contract of service, any managerial functions that are performed, or authority exercised, by a <u>person</u> who is not a <u>Director</u> nor an <u>employee</u> of the <u>insurance firm</u>, acting on the express or implied authority of its Board and/or <u>General Manager</u>. 'Managerial functions' include, but are not limited to, the effecting of <u>contracts of insurance</u> and the issuing of instructions for the settlement of claims.

Insurance Intermediary

For purposes of this Module, the term <u>insurance intermediary</u> refers to <u>insurance brokers</u> and <u>insurance consultants</u>.

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IM-A.1 Purpose (continued)

Legal Basis



This Module contains the Central Bank of Bahrain's (CBB) Directive (as amended from time to time) relating to <u>insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> and is issued under the powers available to the CBB under Article 38 of the Central Bank of Bahrain and Financial Institutions Law 2006 ('CBB Law'). The Directive in this Module is applicable to <u>insurance licensees</u> (including their <u>approved persons</u>).

IM-A.1.4 For an explanation of the CBB's rule-making powers and different regulatory instruments, see Section UG-1.1.

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IM-A.2 Module History

- IM-A.2.1 This Sector Guide was first issued in April 2005 by the BMA together with the rest of Volume 3 (Insurance). Any material changes that have subsequently been made to this Module are annotated with the calendar date in which the change was made. Chapter UG-3 provides further details on Rulebook maintenance and version control.
- IM-A.2.2 When the CBB replaced the BMA in September 2006, the provisions of this Module remained in force. Volume 3 was updated in January 2007 to reflect the switch to the CBB; however, new calendar quarter dates were only issued where the update necessitated changes to actual requirements.
- IM-A.2.3 A list of recent changes made to this Module are detailed in the table below:

Module Ref.	Change Date	Description of Changes
IM-1.2	01/07/05	Corrected that only insurance consultants and insurance managers are exempt from statutory deposits.
IM-2.5	01/07/05	Corrected that insurance brokers are subject to statutory deposits.
IM-3.4	01/07/05	Clarified scope of application of Decree Law No. 4.
IM-2.1	01/10/05	Added the option for insurance manager to operate as a branch resident in Bahrain of a company incorporated in another jurisdiction.
IM-3.4	01/10/05	Updated cross-references to Module FC.
IM-A.1.3	01/2007	Updated to reflect new CBB Law and new Rule A.1.3 introduced categorising this Module as a Directive.
IM-2.3.3	10/2007	Amended the minimum number of Directors required to three as per amendment to Module HC.
IM-2.1.7	04/2010	Amended legal status of insurance broker and insurance consultant to be in
and 2.1.8		line with amendments made to Module AU.
IM-A.1.3	01/2011	Clarified legal basis.
IM-1.2.1 and IM- 2.3	04/2011	Amended to reflect changes to Module HC.

IM-A.2.4 Guidance on the implementation and transition to Volume 3 (Insurance) is given in Module ES (Executive Summary).

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IM-1.1 Insurance Intermediaries and Managers in Bahrain

- IM-1.1.1 The functions of <u>insurance broker</u> and <u>insurance consultant</u> were in existence under the former Bahraini insurance law. The function of <u>insurance manager</u> as a regulated activity has been introduced with Volume 3 of the Rulebook.
- IM-1.1.2 The CBB has introduced a regulatory regime aimed at <u>captive insurers</u> Module CI. In most cases, <u>captive insurers</u> sub-contract their day-to-day management to a professional management firm. The licensing of <u>insurance managers</u> will simplify the licensing requirements of <u>captive insurers</u>, as the parties with whom the <u>captive insurer</u> may sub-contract its management will have been considered in detail by the CBB's licensing requirements.
- IM-1.1.3 In accordance with the CBB's definition, the activities of <u>insurance managers</u> are not limited to acting on behalf of <u>captive insurers</u> but may also relate to non-captive insurance firms, both conventional and takaful.

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IM-1.2 Structure of this Guidance

IM-1.2.1 The following table lists the Modules of the CBB Insurance Rulebook and indicates those that apply to insurance brokers, insurance consultants and

insurance managers. The remaining Chapters of this guide will describe in more detail the principal requirements of each Module of the Regulations and

Directives that apply to insurance intermediaries and insurance managers.

HIGH LEVEL STANDARDS

Regulations and Directives dealing with the licensing **AU** (Authorisation)

requirements and conditions for providers of regulated insurance services. The Sections dealing with the authorisation requirements, licensing conditions, approved persons conditions and information requirements and processes are applicable to insurance intermediaries and

insurance managers.

Principles that are applicable to all insurance licensees **PB** (Principles of Business)

regulated in Bahrain; these apply in full to insurance

intermediaries and insurance managers.

HC (High-Level Directives in respect of governance, systems and controls Controls) of licensees. Different Rules and Guidance apply

depending on the type of insurance intermediaries and

insurance managers.

AA (Auditors and Directives on the appointment and functions of external Actuaries) auditors and actuaries of insurance licensees. Only those

Directives dealing with auditors apply to insurance

intermediaries and insurance managers.

GR (General Regulations and Directives dealing with requirements

> covering other areas not included in other Modules. These include: books and records, corporate and trade names, dividends, business transfers, controllers, close links, statutory deposits, cessation of business and professional indemnity coverage. Statutory cash deposits are required

for insurance brokers.

Requirements)

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IM-1.2 Structure of this Guidance (continued)

BUSINESS STANDARDS

CA (Capital Directives governing minimum capital and solvency Adequacy) requirements and the valuation of assets and liabilities. Some of these Directives apply specifically to insurance intermediaries and insurance managers. Considering the nature of their business, the requirements for capital and solvency for insurance firms are far more detailed than for insurance intermediaries and insurance managers. BC (Business The Code of Business Conduct governs the sale of Conduct) insurance and applies to all insurance licensees. RM (Risk Risk management standards applicable to licensees. Several of the requirements for risk management can be Management) outsourced to insurance managers. **FC** (Financial Crime) Directives governing the monitoring and reporting of financial crime, including the prevention of money laundering and terrorism financing and insurance fraud. TC (Training & Directives to be developed will apply to insurance intermediaries and insurance managers. Competency)

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Requirements for reporting to the CBB. Annual reporting requirements apply to <u>insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u>. <u>Insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> are exempted from group and quarterly reporting requirements.

PD (Public Module PD does not apply to <u>insurance brokers</u>, <u>insurance</u> Disclosure)

ENFORCEMENT AND REDRESS

EN (Enforcement) This Module outlines enforcement powers and processes

that may be applied by the CBB and applies in full to all

insurance licensees.

DP (Dispute Directives will be developed later.

Resolution)

CP (Compensation) Directives will be developed later.

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MODULE	IM:	Insurance Intermediaries and Managers
CHAPTER	IM-2:	High Level Standards

IM-2.1 Authorisation

IM-2.1.1	An entity in Bahrain must be authorised if it wishes to conduct regulated insurance services, including effecting insurance contracts, the broking of insurance contracts, the offering of advice to third parties and the provision of insurance management	Rulebook reference AU-A.1.2
IM-2.1.2	An <u>insurance intermediary</u> may be licensed for several types of business, including general insurance, unit linked long-term insurance, long-term insurance (other than unit-linked business), reinsurance and takaful products.	AU-1.1.16, AU-1.1.18, AU-1.1.19 and AU-1.1.21
IM-2.1.3	The broking of insurance contracts refers to advising on insurance, acting as agent for another person in relation to the buying of insurance for that other person or making arrangements with a view to another person, whether as principal or agent, buying insurance. A person does not carry on the broking of insurance contracts if he falls under the definition of exempt introducer.	AU-1.4.10 and AU-1.4.13
IM-2.1.4	The offering of insurance advice by <u>insurance consultants</u> refers to providing advice to a person in his capacity as agent for a <u>policyholder</u> or potential <u>policyholder</u> , on the merits of entering into a <u>contract of insurance</u> as principal or agent.	AU-1.4.16
IM-2.1.5	The provision of insurance management services by <u>insurance managers</u> refers to the provision of management services or exercising the managerial functions on behalf of an <u>insurance firm</u> .	AU-1.4.20
IM-2.1.6	Licensees who were carrying out activities that fall within the definition of the regulated activity of <u>insurance broker</u> prior to 1 April 2005 may be unincorporated entities or natural persons and may continue as such until 31 December 2006.	AU-2.1.7
IM-2.1.7	New applicants for licensing as <u>insurance brokers</u> , after 1 April 2005 must be: (i) A Bahraini joint stock company (BSC); (ii) A Bahraini company with limited liability ('WLL'): (iii) A branch resident in Bahrain of a company incorporated under the laws of its territory of incorporation and (where local regulation so requires) authorised as an insurance or reinsurance intermediary in that territory, and licensed to conduct insurance business in Bahrain prior to 1st April 2009; (iv) A Bahraini exempt company (E.C.) which was incorporated and licensed to conduct insurance business prior to 1st January 2005; or (v) A Bahraini single person company which was incorporated and licensed to conduct insurance business prior to 1st April 2009.	AU-2.1.8

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IM-2.1 Authorisation (continued)

IM-2.1.8	For insurance consultants, the legal status must be: (i) A sole proprietorship registered with the Ministry of Commerce; (ii) A Bahraini single person company; (iii) A Bahraini joint stock company (BSC); (iv) A Bahraini company with limited liability ('WLL'); or (v) A Bahraini exempt company (E.C.) which was incorporated and licensed to conduct insurance business prior to 1st January 2005.	Rulebook reference AU-2.1.11
IM-2.1.9	<u>Insurance intermediaries</u> applying for a license must do so in the form prescribed by the CBB and such application must include inter alia, details of proposed professional indemnity coverage.	AU-1.1.6
IM-2.1.10	An <u>insurance broker's</u> business activity must be restricted by its Memorandum and Articles of Association to insurance broking.	AU-2.1.10
IM-2.1.11	For insurance managers, the legal status must be: (i) A Bahraini joint stock company (BSC); (ii) A Bahraini company with limited liability ('WLL'); or (iii) A branch resident in Bahrain of a company incorporated under the laws of its territory of incorporation and (where local regulation so requires) authorised as an insurance or reinsurance intermediary in that territory.	AU-2.1.12
IM-2.1.12	<u>Insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> with their Registered Office in the Kingdom of Bahrain must maintain their Head Office in the Kingdom. <u>Overseas insurance licensees</u> must maintain a local management presence and premises in the Kingdom appropriate to the nature and scale of their activities.	AU-2.2.1
IM-2.1.13	All persons wishing to undertake a <u>controlled function</u> in an <u>insurance intermediary</u> or <u>insurance manager</u> must be approved by the CBB prior to their appointment (<u>Approved Person</u>).	AU-1.2
IM-2.1.14	<u>Insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> seeking an <u>approved person</u> authorisation for an individual, must satisfy the CBB that the individual concerned is fit and proper to undertake the <u>controlled function</u> .	AU-3

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IM-2.2 Principles of Business

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IM-2.2.1	There are 10 Principles of Business that apply to all <u>insurance</u> <u>licensees</u> including <u>insurance</u> intermediaries and <u>insurance</u> managers.	Rulebook reference
IM-2.2.2	Non compliance with the Principles of Business can lead to enforcement action, which can include the calling into question of whether the firm or its management continue to meet the fitness and propriety criteria for approval.	PB-B.2.1
IM-2.2.3	The Principles of Business are:	PB-1
	1. Observing high standards of integrity and fair dealing. <u>Insurance licensees</u> and <u>approved persons</u> should be honest and straightforward in their dealings with <u>customers</u> , and disclose fully all relevant information to <u>customers</u> , as required by the CBB's Regulations and Directives.	
	2. Taking all reasonable steps to identify, and prevent or manage, conflicts of interest that could harm the interests of a <u>customer</u> .	
	3. Acting with due skill, care and diligence.	
	4. Observing in full any obligations of confidentiality, including with respect to <u>client</u> information. This requirement does not over-ride lawful disclosures.	
	5. Observing proper standards of market conduct, and avoiding action that would generally be viewed as improper.	
	6. Taking reasonable care to safeguard the assets of <u>customers</u> .	
	7. Paying due regard to the legitimate interests of <u>customers</u> and communicating with them in a fair and transparent manner and, when dealing with <u>customers</u> who are entitled to rely on advice or discretionary decisions, taking reasonable care to ensure the suitability of such advice or decisions.	

8. Maintaining an open and co-operative relationship with the CBB and other competent regulatory bodies and taking reasonable care to ensure that activities comply with all applicable laws and

Regulations.



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IM-2.2 Principles of Business (continued)

Rulebook reference

IM-2.2.3

- 9. Maintaining adequate resources, whether human, financial or otherwise, sufficient to run the business in an orderly manner.
- 10. Taking reasonable care to ensure that affairs are managed effectively and responsibly, with appropriate management, and systems and controls in relation to the size and complexity of operations.

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IM-2.3 High-Level Controls

		<u>Rulebook</u>
IM-2.3.1	In accordance with Principle of Business 10, <u>insurance</u> intermediaries and <u>insurance managers</u> must put in place effective management, systems and controls for their business. The High-Level Controls Module sets out the Directives that put this principle into practice.	reference PB-1.10
IM-2.3.2	<u>Insurance brokers</u> and <u>insurance consultants</u> operating as a Bahraini single person company are exempt from the requirements of Module HC.	HC-B.1.1
IM-2.3.3	Some of these Rules govern the establishment, composition, functions and responsibilities of Boards of <u>Directors</u> . Except for Bahraini single person companies, all incorporated <u>insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> must have a Board, composed of a minimum of three <u>Directors</u> , which is ultimately accountable and responsible for the management and performance of the firm, in line with the Commercial Companies Law of 2001.	
IM-2.3.4	Responsibility for the day-to-day management of an insurance intermediary and insurance manager is vested in the Chief Executive Officer, which is a controlled function. For insurance brokers, they should consider having in place an audit committee, but are not required to have in place Nominating and Remuneration Committees. Insurance consultants and insurance managers are not required to consider the need to operate Committees.	AU-1.2.9 HC-B.1.2. HC- 3.2 and HC-3.3
IM-2.3.5	The CBB expects, for <u>Bahraini insurance licensees</u> , for Bahrain to be the principal place of business and for Bahrain to be the centre of its governance and management.	AU-2.2.1 and GR-1
IM-2.3.6	The CBB requires all <u>insurance brokers</u> to establish an internal audit function to monitor the adequacy of their systems and controls.	НС- <mark>6.5</mark>

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IM-2.3 High-Level Controls (continued)

		Rulebook
		<u>reference</u>
IM-2.3.7	<u>Insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> must nominate a Compliance Officer. In the case of <u>insurance managers</u> , they must also be designated as the Compliance Officer for the managed firms.	
IM-2.3.8	Chapter HC-10 contains guidance applicable to <u>insurance</u> consultants and <u>insurance managers</u> in respect of financial statement certification, appointment, training and evaluation of the Board, remuneration of <u>approved persons</u> , management structure, corporate ethics, communication between the Board and shareholders and corporate governance disclosure.	НС- <mark>10</mark>

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IM-2.4 Auditors

		Rulebook
		<u>reference</u>
IM-2.4.1	<u>Insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> must have an annual external audit. Firms must obtain prior written approval from the CBB before appointing or re-appointing their <u>auditor</u> .	AA-1.1.1
IM-2.4.2	There are specific Rules and Guidance governing the duties and restrictions of external <u>auditors</u> .	AA-1

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IM-2.5 General Requirements

IM-2.5.1	<u>Insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> are expected to maintain books and records sufficient to produce financial statements and show a record of the business undertaken.	Rulebook reference GR-1.1	
IM-2.5.2	Where an <u>insurance manager</u> maintains the books and records of a <u>captive insurer</u> or another <u>insurance firm</u> , these records must be sufficient to allow an audit or an on-site examination by the CBB of the <u>captive insurer</u> or <u>insurance firm</u> .	GR-1.1.4	
IM-2.5.3	An <u>insurance broker</u> must maintain separate <u>client</u> accounts separate from those used for its own funds.	GR-1.2.9 t GR-1.2.16	to
IM-2.5.4	<u>Insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> require prior approval from the CBB for their corporate name and any trade names.	GR-2.1	
IM-2.5.5	<u>Bahraini insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>Bahraini insurance managers</u> require CBB pre-approval for the distribution of dividends to <u>shareholders</u> .	GR-3.1	
IM-2.5.6	All requirements dealing with <u>controllers</u> apply in full to <u>insurance</u> <u>intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> .	GR-5	
IM-2.5.7	All requirements dealing with <u>close links</u> apply in full to <u>insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> .	GR-6	
IM-2.5.8	<u>Insurance brokers</u> are required to maintain a statutory cash deposit with a retail bank licensed to do business in Bahrain.	GR-7.1.4	
IM-2.5.9	<u>Insurance brokers</u> and <u>insurance consultants</u> must maintain professional indemnity coverage in line with the requirements outlined in Chapter GR-10.	GR-10	

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CHAPTER	IM-3:	Business Standards

IM-3.1 Capital Adequacy

Rulebook reference IM-3.1.1 Principle 9 requires insurance licensees to hold adequate financial PB-1.9 resources for the needs of the business. The Capital Adequacy Module sets out in detail the minimum financial resources requirements for insurance licensees. In addition, it is the responsibility of Boards of insurance licensees to make their own assessment of the financial resources needed to meet their liabilities. IM-3.1.2 Bahraini insurance brokers must maintain in their insurance CA-1.3 brokerage business at all times the greater of: (a) A minimum net assets value of BD 50,000; (b) 4% of client money balances held in Bahrain; or (c) 4% of annual income from global insurance broking activities. There are no minimum capital and net asset requirements for overseas insurance brokers. However, for overseas insurance brokers, financial statements of the parent company must be submitted to the CBB for review, in order to assess the financial stability of the group on a global basis. IM-3.1.3 <u>Insurance consultants</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> must possess CA-1.4 financial resources commensurate with the scale and nature of their insurance consultancy or management activities. There are no minimum capital and net assets requirements applicable to insurance consultants and insurance managers. However, Principle 9 does apply and the CBB may suspend or revoke the license of any insurance consultant or insurance manager whom it reasonably considers does not possess financial resources commensurate with the scale and nature of its insurance consultancy or management activities.

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IM-3.2 Business Conduct

IM-3.2.1	The Business Conduct Module comprises general rules (BC-1) and a Code of Practice (BC-2). These rules apply in full to <u>insurance intermediaries</u> . However, it should be noted that Module BC is principles-based.	Rulebook reference BC-A.1
IM-3.2.2	The CBB expects the <u>insurance manager</u> to consider the requirements of the Code in relation to the service provided, on behalf of the captive or <u>insurance firm</u> , to its 'clients', namely insured members of the group.	BC-B.1.4
IM-3.2.3	Other than a <u>client</u> who is an unincorporated entity with a turnover exceeding BD 1 million per year, an <u>insurance intermediary</u> must draw the <u>client</u> 's attention to the status of the <u>insurance firm</u> — whether or not the <u>insurance firm</u> is locally licensed (as a <u>Bahraini insurance firm</u> or <u>overseas insurance firm</u>) and, if not, the reasons for recommending or choosing that <u>insurance firm</u> . In respect of these <u>clients</u> , this advice must be delivered in writing.	BC-2.6.4
IM-3.2.4	<u>Insurance intermediaries</u> acting on behalf of <u>customers</u> in arranging their insurance must, on request, disclose the amount of commission payable to them from the insurance premium, and any other remuneration received for arranging the insurance contract.	BC-2.6.6
IM-3.2.5	Licensees must avoid conflicts of interest, or if conflicts are unavoidable, must explain the position fully and manage the situation so as to avoid prejudice to any party.	BC-2.13

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IM-3.3 Risk Management

IM-3.3.1	Principle 10 (IM-2.2.3) requires firms to have systems and controls that are adequate for their business. Consequently, the Risk Management Module of the CBB Rulebook contains Rules and Guidance on how, specifically, insurance licensees should monitor and manage risk. This Module applies in full to insurance brokers, except for the Sections dealing with market risk (RM-4.1) and insurance technical risk (RM-5.1). This Module does not apply to insurance consultants and insurance managers.	Rulebook reference PB-1.10 and RM-B.1.1 RM-B.1.6
IM-3.3.2	 The Module contains both: General requirements (on the overall management of risk); and Specific requirements on the management of specific risk classes. 	RM-1 RM-2 to RM-8
IM-3.3.3	While the business of <u>insurance managers</u> is not subject to this Module, clients of <u>insurance managers</u> that are <u>insurance firms</u> , such as <u>captive insurers</u> , are subject to the requirements of this Module. The <u>insurance manager</u> , in fulfilling its obligations to its clients, therefore needs to manage the affairs of its clients in accordance with the requirements of the Rulebook, including this Module.	RM-B.1.7

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IM-3.4 Financial Crime

IM-3.4.1	The general law of Bahrain imposes obligations on individuals and firms in relation to the prevention and prohibition of the laundering of money. All <u>insurance licensees</u> are subject to the statutory requirements of this Law.	Rulebook reference Decree No. 4	Law
IM-3.4.2	Chapters FC-1 to FC-9 applies to <u>insurance firms</u> and <u>insurance brokers</u> . Where <u>captive insurers</u> are managed by an <u>insurance manager</u> , these Chapters are also to be applied to the <u>insurance manager</u> . This Module must be applied when dealing with new <u>clients</u> and when renewing policies or other insurance arrangements.	FC-B.1.1	
IM-3.4.3	Chapter FC-10 dealing with insurance fraud, applies to all <u>insurance licensees.</u>	FC-B.1.4	
IM-3.4.4	Chapter FC-1 outlines the requirements for customer due diligence. In the case of <u>captive insurance firms</u> it is expected that this identity will be apparent both from the ownership of the captive and the origin of insurance premiums from traceable bank accounts. In this case, no further verification will be needed as a matter of routine, although this does not exempt firms and individuals from reporting any transaction that they consider suspicious in nature.	FC-1	
IM-3.4.5	The reporting of suspicious transactions is the responsibility of the firm's Money Laundering Reporting Officer ('MLRO'). <u>Captive insurance firms</u> that are managed by an <u>insurance manager</u> are specifically exempted from appointing a MLRO, as the <u>insurance manager</u> must appoint one to perform these responsibilities for all firms under its management.	FC-3.1.1 FC-3.1.2	and
IM-3.4.6	The MLRO will prepare an annual report on compliance with the anti-money laundering and combating terrorism financing controls and procedures. The Boards of captive firms will need to include the consideration of this report as a standing item for Board meetings each year.	FC-3.3	
IM-3.4.7	Appendix FC-(iv), contained in Part B of the CBB Rulebook, provides guidance material and examples of transactions that would be considered suspicious for the purposes of this Directive.	Appendix (iv)	FC-

MODULE	IM:	Insurance Intermediaries and Managers
CHAPTER	IM-4:	Reporting Requirements

IM-4.1 CBB Reporting

IM-4.1.1	<u>Insurance intermediaries</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> must prepare and submit to the CBB an Intermediary Return for each financial year. They are exempted from quarterly reporting and from group financial reporting to the CBB.	Rulebook reference BR-1.2	
IM-4.1.2	Details of the content of the Insurance Intermediary and Manager Return (Form IMR) can be found in BR-1.2.5. The Return must be: (a) Deposited with the CBB within 3 months of the year end; (b) Reviewed by the external <u>auditor</u> based on agreed-upon procedures; and (c) Be accompanied by a <u>Directors</u> ' Certificate.	BR-1.2.1 BR-1.2.13 BR-1.2.10	
IM-4.1.3	Insurance intermediaries and insurance managers must disclose to the CBB material information about changes in their situation including (but not limited to): (a) Significant breaches in Rules and other requirements; (b) Civil, criminal, and disciplinary procedures, fraud, errors and other irregularities; (c) Financial difficulties, breach of minimum solvency requirements, insolvency, bankruptcy, winding-up; (d) Changes in auditors and actuaries; (e) Changes in address, legal status etc.; and (f) Changes in controllers and close links.	BR-2.2.4 BR-2.2.6 2.2.8 BR-2.2.11 BR-2.3.29 BR-2.3.3 BR-2.3.7	to
IM-4.1.4	Insurance intermediaries and insurance managers are required to maintain an open relationship with the supervisor and must permit representatives of the CBB, or persons appointed for the purpose by the CBB to have access, with or without notice, during reasonable business hours to any of their business premises in relation to the discharge of the CBB's functions under the relevant law. The CBB does have powers to request information and commission a report on the firm's business.	BR-3.1 BR-3.2	

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IM-4.2 Public Disclosure

		Rulebook reference
IM-4.2.1	The Public Disclosure Module of the CBB Rulebook does not apply to <u>insurance brokers</u> , <u>insurance consultants</u> and <u>insurance managers</u> .	PD-B.1.4

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MODULE	IM:	Insurance Intermediaries and Managers
CHAPTER	IM-5	Enforcement and Redress

IM-5.1 Enforcement

		<u>Rulebook</u>
		reference
IM-5.1.1	The Enforcement Module of the CBB Rulebook applies in full to	EN
	all <u>insurance licensees</u> .	