



# **PUBLIC DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS MODULE**



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD (Public Disclosure)</b>
<b>Table of Contents</b>	

<b>PD-A</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	
PD-A.1	Purpose	04/2016
PD-A.2	General Requirements	07/2017
PD-A.3	Proprietary and Confidential Information	04/2016
PD-A.4	Module History	10/2020
<b>PD-B</b>	<b>General Guidance and Best Practice</b>	
PD-B.1	[This Section was deleted in April 2016]	04/2016
<b>PD-1</b>	<b>Annual Disclosure Requirements</b>	
PD-1.1	Introduction	04/2016
PD-1.2	Requirements for Annual Audited Financial Statements and Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks	07/2018
PD-1.2A	Requirements for Annual Audited Financial Statements for Overseas Retail Islamic Banks	04/2012
PD-1.3	Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks	10/2019
PD-1.4	Additional Disclosures in the Annual Audited Financial Statements of Banks Listed on a Licensed Exchange	04/2016
PD-1.5	Press Release on Annual Results	10/2011
<b>PD-2</b>	<b>Semi Annual (Interim) Disclosure Requirements for Overseas Islamic Retail Banks</b>	
PD-2.1	Disclosures by Overseas Islamic Retail Banks	04/2016
<b>PD-3</b>	<b>Quarterly Disclosure Requirements</b>	
PD-3.1	Publication of Reviewed (unaudited) Quarterly Financial Statements for Bahraini Islamic Banks	10/2020
PD-3.2	Special Arrangements for Newly-Established Banks	04/2016



**MODULE**

**PD (Public Disclosure)**

**Table of Contents (continued)**

		<b>Date Last Changed</b>
<b>PD-4</b>	<b>Other Public Disclosure Requirements</b>	
PD-4.1	Introduction	10/2010
PD-4.2	Disclosure of Key Terms Relating to a Consumer Finance Agreement[This Section was deleted in October 2012 and is now covered in Section BC-4.2]	10/2012
PD-4.3	Disclosure to Commercial Customers of Charges on Short-term Financing Facilities	04/2016
PD-4.4	Disclosure Relating to Deposit and Unrestricted Investment Accounts Protection Scheme	04/2016
PD-4.5	Press Releases Concerning Financial Statements	04/2016
<b>PD-5</b>	<b>Public Disclosure via the Internet</b>	
PD-5.1	Publication and Disclosure of Financial Results	04/2016
<b>PD-6</b>	<b>Corporate Governance Disclosure to Shareholders</b>	01/2012
PD-6.1	General Requirements	



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-A: Introduction

## PD-A.1 Purpose

PD-A.1.1 The purpose of this Module is to set out the detailed qualitative and quantitative public disclosure requirements and disclosure to shareholders that banks should adhere to in order to enhance corporate governance and financial transparency through better practice in public disclosure. Such disclosures also help to protect customers and facilitate market discipline.

PD-A.1.2 This module provides support for certain other parts of the Rulebook, namely:

- (a) Principles of Business;
- (b) High-level Controls;
- (c) Audit Firms;
- (d) CBB Reporting Requirements;
- (e) Capital Adequacy
- (f) Business and Market Conduct; and
- (g) Risk Management (i.e. market, credit, liquidity and operational).

PD-A.1.3 This Module also provides support for certain aspects relating to disclosure requirements stipulated in the Central Bank of Bahrain and Financial Institutions Law (Decree No. 64 of 2006) and the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law (as amended).

PD-A.1.4 The Central Bank of Bahrain's ("CBB") disclosure requirements (in this Module) vary according to whether the concerned bank is a Bahraini Islamic bank licensee (PD-1 and PD-3) or is an overseas Islamic retail bank licensee (PD-2).

### *Legal Basis*

**PD-A.1.5** This Module contains the CBB's Directive (as amended from time to time) relating to public disclosure and disclosure to shareholders and is issued pursuant to the powers available to the CBB under Article 38 of the Central Bank of Bahrain and Financial Institutions Law 2006 ("CBB Law"). It also incorporates the requirements of Article 62 of the CBB Law with respect to the publication of financial statements. The Directive in this Module is applicable to all Bahraini Islamic bank licensees (and overseas Islamic retail bank licensees where applicable).

PD-A.1.6 For an explanation of the CBB's rule-making powers and different regulatory instruments, see Section UG-1.1.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-A: Introduction

## PD-A.2 General Requirements

### PD-A.2.1

All Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must have a formal disclosure policy, inclusive of Shari'a issues, as part of their overall communications strategy approved by the Board of Directors (and supported by documented procedures) that addresses the disclosures that the bank makes and the internal controls over the disclosure process. In addition, all Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must carry out an annual review of the validity of their disclosures (in terms of scope and accuracy) as outlined in Sections BR-5.2 and AU-3.2.

### PD-A.2.2

All Bahraini Islamic bank licensees are required to publish their annual audited and reviewed quarterly financial statements per the rules set out in this Module and the CBB Law, Bahrain Commercial Companies Law (as amended), the Rulebook of the licensed exchange and Volume 6 (Capital Markets), where applicable. Such financial statements must be prepared in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards (FAS) issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI). When there are no specific accounting standards under AAOIFI, Islamic banks must use International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Listed banks must refer to Paragraph PD-A.2.6.

### PD-A.2.3

The CBB requires that each bank maintain an up-to-date checklist of all applicable AAOIFI standards and IFRS (where applicable) and also the disclosure requirements set out in this Module for full compliance purposes. Such checklists should be part of the bank's public disclosure procedures.

### PD-A.2.4

The disclosure requirements specified in Chapters 1, 3 and 6 of this Module, which are in addition to those required by applicable accounting standards, must be reviewed by the bank's external auditor based upon agreed upon procedures (unless AAOIFI Standards or IFRS require that the concerned disclosures are audited). See also BR-1.1, BR-2.2 and AU-3.1 for more details.

### PD-A.2.4A

The disclosure requirements mentioned in Paragraph PD-A.2.4 must be presented as an accompanying document or appendices to the Annual Report or in the Notes to the Financial Statements.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-A: Introduction

## PD-A.2 General Requirements (continued)

### PD-A.2.5

The external auditor must also review other statements in the Annual Report (such as the Chairman's report) to ensure that such statements are consistent with the audited financial statements and the disclosures required by this Module. All qualitative or descriptive disclosures in the Annual Report must be based upon, and be reflective of, the facts and actual practice employed by the bank (and be subject to the above review by the bank's external auditor).

### PD-A.2.6

If situations arise where disclosures required in this Module are in conflict with those required under AAOIFI Standards and IFRS and/or any listing requirements issued by the CBB or a licensed exchange, listed banks should first follow the CBB's requirements as contained in Volume 6 (Capital Markets). Unlisted banks should first follow AAOIFI standards. In such situations, banks should explain any material differences between the accounting or other disclosures and the disclosure required in this Module. This explanation does not have to take the form of a line by line reconciliation, but should provide stakeholders with sufficient detail to make an objective assessment of the bank's financial and operational health. Moreover, a formal notification to the CBB is required in such a situation.

### PD-A.2.7

The bank should decide which disclosures are relevant for it based on the materiality concept and subject to the concurrence of the bank's external auditor. For the bank's guidance, information would be regarded as material if its omission or misstatement could change or influence the assessment or decision of a user relying on that information for the purpose of making economic decisions.

### PD-A.2.8

Non-compliance with these disclosure requirements could lead to enforcement actions as outlined in Module EN (Enforcement).

### PD-A.2.9

The disclosures referred to in this Module must be made at the top consolidated level of a banking group (i.e. at the level of the parent bank in Bahrain). Disclosures related to individual banks within a banking group will be required where listing requirements or differing accounting requirements necessitate such separate disclosure.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-A: Introduction

## PD-A.2 General Requirements (continued)

**PD-A.2.10** With effect from 31<sup>th</sup> December 2016, Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must follow a 3-step approach to provide a full reconciliation of all regulatory capital elements back to the published financial statements.

PD-A.2.10A The 3-step approach is not based on a common template because the starting point for reconciliation, the bank's reported balance sheet, may vary slightly in composition from bank to bank. Full details of the reconciliation process and associated disclosures are provided in Appendix PD-2.

**PD-A.2.11** With effect from 31<sup>th</sup> December 2016, Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must use a common template to provide a description of the main features of regulatory capital instruments issued. Full details are provided in Appendix PD-3.

**PD-A.2.12** With effect from 31<sup>th</sup> December 2016, Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must disclose the full terms and conditions of all outstanding regulatory capital instruments on their website.

**PD-A.2.13** With effect from 31<sup>th</sup> December 2016, Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must use a modified version of the post 1 January 2019 template mentioned in Paragraph PD-A.2.15 until 31 December 2018. This template is established to disclose the components of capital that are benefiting from the transitional arrangements. The template and accompanying notes are provided in Appendix PD-4.

**PD-A.2.14** [This Paragraph has been left blank].

**PD-A.2.15** With effect from 1 January 2019, Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must use a common template (set out in Appendix PD-1) to report the breakdown of their regulatory capital when the transition period for the phasing-in of deductions ends. The template is designed to disclose all regulatory adjustments, including amounts falling below thresholds for deduction, and thus enhance consistency and comparability in the disclosure of the elements of capital between banks and across jurisdictions.



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-A: Introduction</b>

### **PD-A.3 Proprietary and Confidential Information**

PD-A.3.1 Proprietary information encompasses information (for example on products or systems), that if shared with competitors would render a licensed bank's investment in these products/systems less valuable, and hence would undermine its competitive position. Information about customers is often confidential, in that it is provided under the terms of a legal agreement or counterparty relationship. This has an impact on what banks should reveal in terms of information about their customer base, as well as details on their internal arrangements, for instance methodologies used, parameter estimates, data etc.

**PD-A.3.2**

**[This Paragraph was deleted in April 2016.]**



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-A: Introduction</b>

## PD-A.4 Module History

PD-A.4.1 This module was first issued in January 2005 as part of the Islamic principles volume. All regulations in this volume have been effective since this date. Any material changes that have subsequently been made to this Module are annotated with the calendar quarter date in which the change was made: Chapter UG-3 provides further details on Rulebook maintenance and version control.

PD-A.4.2 The most recent changes made to this Module are detailed in the table below:

Module Ref.	Change Date	Description of Changes
PD 2.1.5 & 3.1.7	Jan 2006	Revised notification for submission of accounts to the Agency
PD 4.3	July 2006	Amendment to disclosure of charges requirements
PD-A, PD-B, PD-1 & PD-3	Apr 2008	New Disclosures required by Basel II and IFSB
PD-1.2.6	Apr 2010	Clarification of text re annual report submission
PD	10/2010	Various minor amendments to ensure consistency in CBB Rulebook.
PD-1.3.10	10/2010	Additional items for disclosure added to be in line with Corporate Governance Code.
PD-6	10/2010	New Chapter added to deal with corporate governance disclosure to shareholders.
PD-A.1.5	01/2011	Clarified legal basis.
PD-A.2.2, PD-A.2.6, PD-1.3.43 and PD-1.4.1	01/2011	Changes made to reflect new reference to licensed exchange.
PD-1.1.1	04/2011	Corrected reference to the Rulebook of the licensed exchange.
PD-1.2, PD-2.1.4, PD-2.1.5, PD-3.1.4, and PD-5.1.1	04/2011	Clarified requirements for due date.
PD-A.2.2, PD-A.2.6 and PD-1.3.43 (c).	10/2011	Reference added to Volume 6 (Capital Markets).
PD-A.2.4	10/2011	Clarification of existing requirement for the Agreed Upon Procedures Report and setting a deadline for the submission of the report.
PD-1.5	10/2011	Added a Section on Press Release on Annual Results.
PD-1.3.23 (j) and PD-3.1.3	10/2011	Amended Subparagraph to be consistent with other Volumes of the Rulebook.
PD-1.3.10	01/2012	Amended corporate governance disclosure in annual report.
PD-6.1.1	01/2012	Amended disclosure requirements to shareholders.
PD-1.1.1	04/2012	Expanded the scope of this Chapter to also apply to retail branches of foreign banks.
PD-1.2.3	04/2012	Clarified financial statements that must be disclosed by locally incorporated banks.
PD-1.2A	04/2012	Added requirements for annual audited financial statements of retail branches of foreign banks.
PD-1.3.10 (x)	04/2012	Clarified nature of disclosure in relation to Module HC.
PD-2.1.2	04/2012	Clarified what interim semi-annual statements are to be disclosed by retail branches of foreign banks.
PD-3.1.4	04/2012	Clarified quarterly disclosure requirements.
PD-3.1.6	04/2012	Clarified deadline for disclosing additional semi-annual disclosures.
PD-5.1.1	04/2012	Paragraph deleted as it repeats contents of Paragraph PD-3.1.4.
PD-A.1.5	07/2012	Added reference to Article 62 of the CBB Law.
PD-A.2.6	07/2012	Clarified priority of Rule to follow where there is a conflict.
PD-1.3.10	07/2012	Clarified content of disclosure on corporate governance.
PD-4.5	07/2012	New Section added on press release concerning financial statements.



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-A: Introduction</b>

## PD-A.4 Module History (continued)

### PD-A.4.2 (continued)

Module Ref.	Change Date	Description of Changes
PD-1.3.10	10/2012	Amended the requirement for banks to maintain a website under (bb).
PD-4.2	10/2012	This Section was deleted and requirements are now included in Section BC-4.2.
PD-4.3	10/2012	Clarified title of this Section.
PD-1.3.10 to PD-1.3.10F	01/2014	Additional disclosure requirements related to sound remuneration practices.
PD-1.3.10C, PD-1.3.10F and PD-1.3.10G	07/2014	Amended disclosure requirements pertaining to remuneration.
PD-2.1	10/2014	Clarified that this Section only applies to retail branches of foreign banks.
PD-1.3.10B(o)	04/2015	Clarified that disclosure rule under this Subparagraph only applies for approved persons and material risk takers.
PD-A.2, PD-A.3, PD-B, PD-1.1, PD-1.2, PD-1.3, PD-1.4, PD-3.1, PD-4.2, PD-4.3	04/2016	New Disclosures required by Basel III and alignment related changes for Deposit and URIA Protection scheme and disclosures relating to approved persons.
PD-1.2.6	04/2016	The annual report must be submitted as a soft copy to the CBB.
PD-1.3.10	04/2016	Paragraph restructured and clarified to eliminate certain redundancies.
PD-3.1.6	04/2016	Due date changed to 2 months to be aligned with requirements under Paragraph BR-2.2.3.
PD-5.1.3	04/2016	Paragraph deleted as requirements included under Paragraph PD-5.1.2.
PD-A.2.1	07/2017	Amended the general requirements to include the term 'inclusive of Shari'a issues'.
PD-1.2.1	07/2017	Amended wording of the paragraph.
PD-1.3.1	07/2017	Amended paragraph cross-reference.
PD-1.2A.2	07/2018	Amended Paragraph on 'Publication of Annual Audited Financial Statements' publication time frame.
PD-1.3.44	10/2019	Amended Paragraph on disclosure of financial penalties of Bahraini Islamic banks.
PD-1.3A	10/2019	Added a new Section on disclosures requirements pertaining to branches of foreign banks.
PD-3.1.6 (g)	10/2020	Amended reference.
PD-3.1.6 (h)	10/2020	Deleted reference.

### *Effective Date*

#### PD-A.4.3

The contents in this Module are effective January 2005 or from the effective date of the summary of changes as shown above in the above table. Changes to Chapter PD-6 are effective 1<sup>st</sup> January 2011.



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-B: General Guidance and Best Practice</b>

## **PD-B.1 Guidance Provided by International Bodies**

PD-B.1.1 [This Section was deleted in April 2016.]



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

## PD-1.1 Introduction

PD-1.1.1 The purpose of this Chapter is to set out the CBB's requirements relating to the disclosure of information in the annual audited financial statements ('Annual Report') of Bahraini Islamic bank licensees as well as for overseas Islamic retail bank licensees. This Chapter also refers to the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law (as amended) and the Rulebook of the licensed exchange relating to public disclosure and reporting requirements.

### PD-1.1.2

For the purpose of this Chapter, the following definitions apply:

- (a) Approved person means any person occupying a controlled function as outlined in Section LR-1A.1;
- (b) 'Interest in the shares' shall include, but not be limited to, direct and/or indirect ownership of such shares, the right of voting associated with such shares, the right to receive dividends payable on such shares, and/or any right, regardless of the form thereof, to purchase (or otherwise acquire an interest in) such shares at any time;
- (c) 'Audited financial statements' refers to the financial statements required under International Financial Reporting Standards; and
- (d) 'Annual Report' refers to the document which contains the full audited financial statements and accompanying notes as well as any accompanying commentary by the senior officials of the bank.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

## PD-1.2 Requirements for Annual Audited Financial Statements and Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks

### *Submission of Annual Audited Financial Statements*

**PD-1.2.1** All Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must submit their annual audited financial statements to the CBB within 3 months of the end of the bank's financial year (as required by Article 62 of the CBB Law). Banks' annual audited financial statements must be audited by their external auditor.

**PD-1.2.2** Banks are also required to place the full annual audited financial statements reports on their website (see also PD-1.3.10 (h)) within one week of submission to the CBB.

### *Publication of Annual Audited Financial Statements*

**PD-1.2.3** Banks must publish extracts from their annual audited financial statements in one Arabic and one English daily newspaper within 2 months of the end of the financial year. The newspaper disclosures may be edited so that notes are not included, but must include at a minimum the statement of financial position (balance sheet), the statements of income, cash flow and changes in equity and where applicable, the statement of comprehensive income. The newspaper disclosures must be placed on the bank's website within one week of publication.

**PD-1.2.4** The newspaper disclosures should include a reference to the fact that the published figures "have been extracted from financial statements audited by XYZ auditor, who expressed an unqualified opinion on (dated report)". Banks must disclose in full any audit qualifications or matter of emphasis paragraphs contained within the auditor's opinion. The auditor's opinion must be made in accordance with AAOIFI's Standards on Auditing and the International Standards on Auditing as established by the International Federation of Accountants (as appropriate).

**PD-1.2.5** Banks must submit a newspaper copy of the published annual audited financial statements to the CBB within two business days of publication in the concerned newspapers. The copy must be accompanied by a letter clearly showing on which date and in which publications the statements were published.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

**PD-1.2 Requirements for Annual Audited Financial Statements and Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)**

*Submission of Annual Report*

**PD-1.2.6** All Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must submit a soft copy (electronic) of their annual report to the CBB, including the full disclosures and appendices prescribed in this Chapter within 4 months of the end of the bank's financial year.

**PD-1.2.7** Banks are also required to place the annual report with full disclosures and appendices on their website (see also PD-1.3.10(h)) within one week of submission to the CBB.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

## PD-1.2A Requirements for Annual Audited Financial Statements for Overseas Islamic Retail Banks

### *Submission of Annual Audited Financial Statements*

**PD-1.2A.1** All overseas Islamic retail bank licensees must submit their annual audited financial statements to the CBB within 3 months of the end of the bank's financial year (as required by Article 62 of the CBB Law).

### *Publication of Annual Audited Financial Statements*

**PD-1.2A.2** Banks must publish extracts from their audited annual financial statements in one Arabic and one English daily newspaper within 3 months of the end of the financial year. The newspaper disclosures may be edited, but must include at a minimum the statement of financial position (balance sheet), the statements of income and cash flow and where applicable, of comprehensive income.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

## PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks

### *Introduction*

#### PD-1.3.1

Banks (referred to under Paragraph PD-1.2.6 – hereafter referred to as “banks”) should provide timely information which facilitates market participants’ assessment of them. The disclosure requirements set out in this Section must be included in the Annual Report either as an Appendix or in the notes to the Audited Financial Statements at the discretion of the concerned bank. The disclosures should be addressed in clear terms and with appropriate details to help achieve a satisfactory level of bank transparency.

#### PD-1.3.2

The disclosure requirements listed in Paragraphs PD-1.3.4 to PD-1.3.31 follow the requirements of Basel II Pillar 3 and are in addition to, or in some cases, serve to clarify the disclosure requirements of AAOIFI and/or IFRS as appropriate.

#### PD-1.3.3

If a bank is not able to achieve full compliance with the requirements stated in this Chapter, a meeting should be held with the Director of Islamic Financial Institutions Directorate at the CBB in the presence of the concerned external auditor to discuss the reasons for such non-compliance prior to the finalisation of the annual report. It is the responsibility of the bank to call for such meetings.

### *Investment Accounts*

#### PD-1.3.4

Restricted investment accounts are to be reported off-balance sheet in the financial statements.

#### PD-1.3.5

Unrestricted investment accounts are to be reported on-balance sheet in the financial statements.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks  
(continued)**

*Scope of Application – Qualitative Disclosures*

**PD-1.3.6**

The following information must be disclosed in relation to the parent bank (in Bahrain) and its banking and financial institution subsidiaries:

- (a) The full legal name of the top corporate entity in the group to which the disclosure requirements apply;
- (b) [This Subparagraph was deleted in April 2016 and replaced with Paragraph PD-1.3.14]; and
- (c) Any restrictions on the transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the group (e.g. large exposure or exchange control regulations or covenants over the repayment of capital or the payment of dividends).



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD:</b>	<b>Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-1:</b>	<b>Annual Disclosure Requirements</b>

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks  
(continued)**

*Scope of Application – Quantitative Disclosures*

**PD-1.3.7**

The aggregate amounts (current book value) of the bank's total interests in insurance entities, which are risk-weighted rather than deducted from capital or subjected to an alternate group-wide methodology, as well as their name, their country of incorporation or residence, and the proportion of voting power in these entities must be disclosed (in relation to the parent bank). In addition, banks must disclose the quantitative impact on regulatory capital of using this method versus the deduction or alternate group-wide method.

PD-1.3.8 [This Paragraph was deleted in April 2016].



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

### PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)

#### *Financial Performance and Position*

##### PD-1.3.9

The following information relating to the financial performance and position of the bank should be included:

- (a) Discussion of the main factors that influenced the bank's financial performance for the year, explaining any differences in performance between the current year and previous years and the reasons for such differences, and discussing factors that will have a significant influence on the bank's future financial performance;
- (b) Basic quantitative indicators of financial performance including, but not restricted to, ROAE, ROAA, cost-to-income ratios etc. for the past 5 years;
- (c) A discussion of the impact of acquisitions of new businesses and discontinued business and unusual items; and
- (d) A discussion of the impact of changes in the capital structure and their possible impact on earnings and dividends.

#### *Corporate Governance and Transparency*

##### PD-1.3.10

The following information relating to corporate governance must be disclosed in the annual report:

- (a) Information about the Board structure (e.g. the size of the Board, Board committees, function of committees and membership showing executive, non-executive and independent members, number and names of independent board members), and the basic organisational structure (lines of business structure and legal entity structure);
- (b) Information about the profession, business title, and experience in years of each Board member and the qualifications and experience in years of all senior managers;
- (c) Descriptive information on the managerial structure, including:
  - (i) Committees (see below for detailed disclosure requirements relating to various types of committees);
  - (ii) Segregation of duties;
  - (iii) Reporting lines; and
  - (iv) Responsibilities;



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks  
(continued)**

*Corporate Governance and Transparency (continued)*

- (d) Descriptive information on the performance-linked incentive structure for approved persons (including but not limited to remuneration policies, executive compensation and stock options);
- (e) Nature and extent of transactions with related parties (as defined by AAOIFI and IFRS - see also PD-1.3.23(d));
- (f) Approval process for related party transactions;
- (g) Information about any changes in the structures (as mentioned in Subparagraphs PD-1.3.10(a) to PD-1.3.10(c) above) from prior periods;
- (h) The communications strategy approved by the Board (including the use of the bank's website) which should perform at least the following:
  - (i) The disclosure of all relevant information to stakeholders on a timely basis in a timely manner; and
  - (ii) The provision of at least the last five years of financial data on the bank's website;
- (i) Distribution of ownership of shares by nationality;
- (j) Directors' and senior managers' trading of the bank's shares during the year, on an individual basis;
- (k) Distribution of ownership of shares by directors and senior managers, on an individual basis;
- (l) Distribution of ownership of shares by size of shareholder;
- (m) Ownership of shares by government;
- (n) The Board's functions – rather than a general statement (which could be disclosed simply as the Board's legal obligations under various laws) the 'mandate' of the Board should be set out;
- (o) The types of material transactions that require Board approval;
- (p) [This Subparagraph was deleted in April 2016 and requirements are now included in Subparagraph (a)];
- (q) Board terms and start date for each term for each director;
- (r) What the board does to induct, educate and orient new directors;
- (s) Election system of directors and any termination arrangements;
- (t) [This Subparagraph was deleted in April 2016 and requirements moved to Subparagraph (w)];
- (u) [This Subparagraph was deleted in April 2016 and requirements moved to Subparagraph (w)];



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks  
(continued)**

*Corporate Governance and Transparency (continued)*

- (v) Whether the board has adopted a written code of ethical business conduct, and if so the text of that code and a statement of how the board monitors compliance;
- (w) Minimum number of Board committee meetings compared with the actual dates and number of board and committee meetings, individual attendance of each director and the work of committees and any significant issues arising during the period;
- (x) Reference to Module HC and any amendments subsequently made by the CBB, including explanation and nature of any non-compliance with Module HC in accordance with Paragraph HC-A.1.8;
- (y) Review of internal control processes and procedures;
- (z) Directors responsibility with regard to the preparation of financial statements;
- (aa) Board of Directors – whether or not the board, its committees and individual directors are regularly assessed with respect to their effectiveness and contribution;
- (bb) Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must maintain a website. Overseas Islamic retail bank licensees must provide a link on their website in Bahrain to the website of their parent bank;
- (cc) Descriptive information on any investor/ consumer awareness programmes for information on new products and services;
- (dd) Information on any mediation and advice bureaus for investors and customers set up by the bank, including clearly written procedures for logging of complaints;
- (ee) Social functions and charitable contributions of the bank;
- (ff) Descriptive information on the governance arrangements, systems and controls employed by the bank to ensure Shari'a compliance and on how these meet applicable AAOIFI standards, and if there is less than full compliance, an explanation of the reasons for non-compliance;
- (gg) How non-Shari'a-compliant earnings and expenditure occur and the manner in which they are disposed of;
- (hh) The annual zakah contributions of the bank, where relevant;
- (ii) Aggregate remuneration paid to board members;
- (jj) Key features and objectives of the remuneration policy of the bank for board members, Shari'a Board and senior management as well as the frequency of review of the remuneration structure and the extent to which the policy is applicable to foreign subsidiaries and branches; and
- (kk) Aggregate remuneration paid to senior management.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

### PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)

PD-1.3.10A With regards to corporate governance, banks are subject to additional disclosure requirements, whereby such disclosures are for the benefit of shareholders (See Chapter PD-6).

#### *Additional Disclosure Requirements Pertaining to Remuneration*

**PD-1.3.10B** In addition to the remuneration related disclosure included under Paragraph PD-1.3.10, the following qualitative and quantitative information pertaining to remuneration practices and policies covering the following areas must be disclosed in the annual report:

- (a) The name, composition and mandate of the main body overseeing remuneration;
- (b) Whether external consultants' advice has been sought and by whom in the bank and in what areas of the remuneration process the consultants have been involved;
- (c) The independence of remuneration for staff in risk management, internal audit, operations, financial controls, AML, internal shari'a review/audit and compliance functions;
- (d) The risk adjustment methodologies;
- (e) The link between remuneration and performance;
- (f) The long-term performance measures (deferral, malus, clawback);
- (g) The types of remuneration (cash/equity, fixed/variable);
- (h) Whether the remuneration committee reviewed the bank's remuneration policy during the past year, and if so, an overview of any changes that were made;
- (i) A discussion of how the bank ensures that approved persons engaged in risk management, internal audit, operations, financial controls, AML, internal shari'a review/audit and compliance functions are remunerated independently of the business units they oversee;
- (j) Description of the ways in which the current and future risks are taken into account in the remuneration processes. Disclosures must include:
  - (i) An overview of the key risks that the bank takes into account when implementing remuneration measures;
  - (ii) An overview of the nature and type of the key measures used to take account of these risks, including risks difficult to measure;



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements</b>

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)**

**PD-1.3.10B** *Additional Disclosure Requirements Pertaining to Remuneration*  
(continued)

- (iii) A discussion on the ways in which these measures affect remuneration; and
- (iv) A discussion of how the nature and type of these measures have changed over the past year and reasons for the change, as well as the impact of changes on remuneration;
- (k) Description of the ways in which the bank seeks to link performance during a performance measurement period with levels of remuneration. Disclosures must include:
  - (i) An overview of main performance metrics for bank, top-level business lines and individuals;
  - (ii) A discussion of how amounts of individual remuneration are linked to bank-wide and individual performance; and
  - (iii) A discussion of the measures the bank will in general implement to adjust remuneration in the event that performance metrics are weak<sup>1</sup>;
- (l) Description of the ways in which the bank seeks to adjust remuneration to take account of longer term performance. Disclosures must include:
  - (i) A discussion of the bank's policy on deferral and vesting of variable remuneration and, if the fraction of variable remuneration that is deferred differs across employees or groups of employees, a description of the factors that determine the fraction and their relative importance; and
  - (ii) A discussion of the bank's policy and criteria for adjusting deferred remuneration before vesting and after vesting through clawback arrangements;
- (m) Description of the different forms of variable remuneration that the bank utilises and the rationale for using these different forms. Disclosures must include:
  - (i) An overview of the forms of variable remuneration offered (i.e. cash, shares and share-linked instruments and other forms<sup>2</sup>); and

PD .1.1 \_\_\_\_\_

<sup>1</sup> could include the bank's criteria for determining weak performance metrics.

<sup>2</sup> A description of the elements corresponding to other forms of variable remuneration must be provided.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks  
(continued)**

*Additional Disclosure Requirements Pertaining to Remuneration*

**PD-1.3.10B** (continued)

- (ii) A discussion of the use of the different forms of variable remuneration and, if the mix of different forms of variable remuneration differs across employees or group of employees, a description of the factors that determine the mix and their relative importance;
- (n) Number of meetings held by the main body overseeing remuneration during the financial year and aggregate remuneration paid to its members;
- (o) Number and total amount of remuneration for approved persons and material risk takers for the financial year split into fixed and variable remuneration;
- (p) Number and total amount of variable remuneration awarded during the financial year, split into cash, shares and share-linked instruments and other;
- (q) Number and total amount of guaranteed bonuses awarded during the financial year;
- (r) Number and total amount of sign-on awards made during the financial year;
- (s) Number and total amount of severance payments made during the financial year, and highest such award to a single person;
- (t) Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration, split into cash, shares and share-linked instruments and other forms; and
- (u) Total amount of deferred remuneration awarded during the financial year, paid out and reduced through performance adjustments.

**PD-1.3.10C** The disclosure of remuneration practices must cover approved persons and material risk-takers and must be broken down as follows:

- (a) Members of the board of directors;
- (b) Approved persons in business lines;
- (c) Approved persons in risk management, internal audit, operations, financial controls, internal Shari'a review/audit, AML and compliance functions; and
- (d) Material risk-takers not falling under categories (a) to (c).



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements</b>

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)**

**PD-1.3.10D** Disclosure requirements for items under Subparagraph PD-1.3.10B (n) to (u) must be provided for the current as well as for the previous financial year.

PD-1.3.10E Disclosure requirements for items under Subparagraph PD-1.3.10B (o) and (p) may be presented in a table format split between members of the Board and other approved persons, as well as material risk-takers.

***Additional Disclosure Requirements Pertaining to Remuneration***

PD-1.3.10F For purposes of Paragraph PD-1.3.10E, the table referred to should be completed separately for:

(a) Members of the board of directors;

<b>Total value of remuneration awards for the current fiscal year</b>	<b>Unrestricted</b>
Fixed remuneration	
• Sitting Fees	X
• Other (please specify)	X

(b) Approved persons in business lines;

(c) Approved persons in risk management, internal audit, operation, financial controls, internal Shari'a review/audit, AML and compliance functions; and

(d) Material risk-takers not falling under categories (a) to (c).

<b>Total value of remuneration awards for the current fiscal year</b>	<b>Unrestricted</b>	<b>Deferred</b>
Fixed remuneration		
• Cash-based	X	X
• Shares and share-linked instruments	X	X
• Other	X	X
Variable remuneration		
• Cash-based	X	X
• Shares and share-linked instruments	X	X
• Other	X	X



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

### PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)

PD-1.3.10G

In instances where a bank has no approved persons or material risk-takers whose remuneration is in excess of BD100,000 as per Paragraph HC-5.4.2, the disclosure requirements under Subparagraphs PD-1.3.10B(f), (g), (l), (m), (t) and (u) are not required.

#### *Capital Structure – Qualitative Disclosures*

PD-1.3.11

All banks must disclose on their website summary descriptive information on the types, forms, terms and conditions of the main features of all capital- and equity-related instruments and unrestricted investment accounts listed below in PD-1.3.12, PD-1.3.13 and PD-1.3.15, especially in the case of innovative, complex or hybrid capital instruments. Full details of the required disclosures are given in Appendix PD-3.

#### *Capital Structure – Quantitative Disclosures*

PD-1.3.12

From 31<sup>st</sup> December 2016 until 31<sup>st</sup> December 2018, all banks must disclose with separate disclosures of individual items as detailed in Appendix PD-4 the following items:

- (a) The amount of Tier One Capital;
- (b) The amount of Tier Two Capital; and
- (c) Required capital ratios and buffers.

PD-1.3.13

From 1<sup>st</sup> January 2019, the disclosures referred to under Paragraph PD-1.3.12, must be made in accordance with Appendix PD-1.

PD-1.3.14

From 31<sup>st</sup> December 2016, all banks must disclose a full reconciliation of all regulatory capital elements back to the balance sheet in the audited financial statements as required under Appendix PD-2.

PD-1.3.15

[This Paragraph was deleted in April 2016.]



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

### PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)

#### *Capital Adequacy*

**PD-1.3.16** All banks must present a summary discussion of the bank's approach to assessing the adequacy of capital to support current and future activities both on a risk-based capital basis (i.e. as in Chapters CA-1 and CA-2). All banks must also disclose a description of the policy on identifying assets suitable for funding by unrestricted investment accounts.

**PD-1.3.17** All banks must disclose the regulatory capital requirements for credit risk by each type of Islamic financing contract and for securitisation exposures (usually sukuk).

**PD-1.3.18** All banks must disclose their capital requirements for market risk using the standardised approach.

**PD-1.3.19** All banks must disclose their capital requirements for operational risk under:

- (a) The basic indicator approach; or
- (b) The standardised approach (as applicable).

**PD-1.3.20** All banks must disclose their total and Tier One Capital Ratios on the following basis:

- (a) For the top consolidated group in Bahrain; and
- (b) For all significant bank subsidiaries (whose regulatory capital amounts to over 5% of group consolidated regulatory capital whether on a stand-alone or sub-consolidated basis).



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

### PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)

#### *Risk: General Qualitative Disclosure Requirements*

##### PD-1.3.21

All banks must describe their risk management objectives and policies for each separate risk area below and provide information on whether or not strategies used have been effective throughout the reporting period. The strategies, processes and internal controls (including internal audit) must be described for each area below along with the structure and organisation of the relevant risk management function, and the scope and nature of risk reporting systems and policies for hedging/mitigating risk and strategies for monitoring the continuing effectiveness of hedges/mitigants. There are also certain specific disclosures for each of these areas in addition to the general qualitative disclosures required by this paragraph.

- (a) Credit Risk (see also PD-1.3.22 – PD-1.3.24);
- (b) Market Risk (see also PD-1.3.27);
- (c) Operational Risk (see also PD-1.3.28 – PD-1.3.30);
- (d) Equity Risk in the Banking Book (see also PD-1.3.31);
- (e) Rate of Return Risk (see also PD-1.3.39 – PD-1.3.40); and
- (f) Displaced Commercial Risk (see also PD-1.3.41).

#### *Credit Risk - Qualitative Disclosures*

##### PD-1.3.22

All banks must make the general qualitative disclosures outlined in PD-1.3.21 above, as well as those below:

- (a) Definition of past due and impaired Islamic financing contracts;
- (b) Description of the approaches for specific and general impairment provisions and the associated statistical methods used (where applicable);
- (c) The name of External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAIs) used for assigning risk weights to assets;
- (d) The types of exposure for which each ECAI is used; and
- (e) The process used to transfer ECAI public issue ratings onto comparable (financing) assets in the banking book.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

### PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)

#### *Credit Risk - Quantitative Disclosures*

##### PD-1.3.23

All banks must disclose the following, giving, where applicable, the percentages funded by the banks own capital and current accounts, and by Profit Sharing Investment Accounts (PSIA) respectively:

- (a) Total gross credit exposures (gross outstanding before any risk mitigation) plus average gross exposures over the period broken down by major types of credit exposure (as outlined under IFRS) into funded and unfunded exposures. Where the period end position is representative of the risk positions of the bank during the period, average gross exposures need not be disclosed. Banks must state that average gross exposures have not been disclosed for this reason. Where average amounts are disclosed in accordance with an accounting standard or other requirement which specifies the calculation method to be used, that method should be followed. Otherwise, the average exposures should be calculated using the most frequent interval that an entity's systems generate for management, regulatory or other reasons, provided that the resulting averages are representative of the licensed bank's operations. The basis used for calculating averages needs to be stated;
- (b) Geographic distribution of exposures, broken down into significant areas by major types of credit exposure. Geographical areas may be individual countries, or groups of countries. Banks may define the geographical area according to how they manage the concerned areas internally. The criteria used to allocate exposures to particular geographical areas should be specified;
- (c) Distribution of exposures by industry or counterparty type, broken down by major types of credit exposure, broken down by funded and unfunded exposure;
- (d) Intra-group transactions including exposures to related parties as required by accounting standards (relevant AAOIFI or IFRS), and whether such transactions have been made on an arm's length basis;



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements</b>

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks  
(continued)**

*Credit Risk - Quantitative Disclosures (continued)*

- (e) Credit or financing facilities to highly leveraged and other high risk counterparties (as defined in PD-1.3.24) must be separately disclosed as an individual category;
- (f) Banks must disclose concentrations of risk to individual counterparties where the exposure is in excess of the 15% individual obligor limit. These do not require the disclosure of the name of the counterparty;
- (g) Residual contractual maturity breakdown (see PD-1.3.24(a) of the whole portfolio, broken down by major types of credit exposure;
- (h) By major industry or counterparty type:
  - (i) Amount of non-performing and impaired Islamic financing contracts and past due Islamic financing contracts (see PD-1.3.24);
  - (ii) Amount and changes in specific and collective impairment provisions during the financial year (see PD-1.3.24);
  - (iii) Charges for specific provisions and charge-offs (write-offs) during the period; and
  - (iv) Reconciliation of changes in provisions for Islamic financing contracts impairment.
- (i) Amount of past due Islamic financing contracts, provided separately broken down by significant geographic areas including the amounts of specific and collective impairment provisions related to each geographical area (see PD-1.3.24 for definition of geographical area);



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements</b>

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks  
(continued)**

*Credit Risk - Quantitative Disclosures (continued)*

- (j) Aggregate quantitative information about all outstanding Islamic financing contracts at year end not included in (h) above that have been restructured (according to the PIR instructions) during the period including:
- (i) The balance of any restructured Islamic financing contracts;
  - (ii) The magnitude of any restructuring activity;
  - (iii) The impact of restructured Islamic financing contracts on provisions and present and future earnings; and
  - (iv) The basic nature of concessions on all credit relationships that are restructured.
- If full repayment is expected, the restructured credit need not be disclosed in this section after satisfactory performance for a period of six months in accordance with the modified terms;
- (k) Quantitative information concerning obligations with respect to recourse transactions (i.e. where the asset has been sold, but the bank retains responsibility for repayment if the original counterparty defaults or fails to fulfil obligations). Information must include the amount of assets sold and any expected losses; and
- (l) Any penalties imposed on customers for default and the disposition of any monies received as penalties.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

### PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)

#### *Credit Risk - Quantitative Disclosures (continued)*

##### PD-1.3.24

For Paragraph PD-1.3.23, the following notes are provided:

- (a) Banks must follow the residual maturity groupings currently followed under IFRS 7 (Guidance Note B 11 & B 12), but they must also extend the periods to include 5-10 years, 10-20 years, and 20 years and over (where the banks have exposures or liabilities of such maturity);
- (b) In PD-1.3.23(h), banks must provide an ageing of past due, non-performing or impaired Islamic financing contracts on the following basis:
  - (i) Ageing schedule (over 3 months, over 1 year and over 3 years) of past due Islamic financing contracts and other assets; and
  - (ii) Breakdown by relevant counterparty type or major industry ;
- (c) For specific, collective, general and other impairment provisions, the portion of provisions not allocated to specific geographical areas should be shown separately;
- (d) The reconciliation of changes in provisions should show such provisions separately;
- (e) “Highly leveraged and other high risk counterparties” follow the categorisation given in the Basel Committee Paper of March 2001, entitled “Review of issues relating to Highly Leveraged Institutions (HLIs)” which described HLIs as having the following characteristics:
  - (i) They are subject to little or no regulatory oversight;
  - (ii) They are generally subject to very limited disclosure requirements and are not subject to rating by credit reference agencies; and
  - (iii) HLIs often take on significant leverage, where leverage is the ratio between risk, expressed in some common denominator, and capital.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks  
(continued)**

*Credit Risk Mitigation: Disclosure Requirements*

**PD-1.3.25**

- (a) For Credit Risk Mitigation, banks must make the qualitative disclosures of PD-1.3.21 and PD-1.3.22, and also the following disclosures (with regard to credit risk mitigation):
- (i) Policies and processes for, and an indication of the extent to which the bank makes use of on- and off-balance sheet netting, if at all;
  - (ii) Policies and processes for collateral valuation and management;
  - (iii) A description of the main types of collateral or other Shari'a Compliant risk mitigation techniques employed by the bank;
  - (iv) The main types of guarantor and their credit worthiness;
  - (v) Information about (market or credit) risk concentrations within the credit risk mitigation taken;
  - (vi) Policies and the carrying amounts for assets owned and leased under Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek;
  - (vii) Where a third party guarantee is taken as a risk mitigant, the risk weight applicable to the guarantor should be disclosed and the Shari'a compliance of the guarantee confirmed; and
  - (viii) The nature and carrying amount of any assets held by the bank as collateral (including any haircuts) and the terms and conditions relating to the pledges. When the assets are not readily convertible into cash by the bank, the policies for disposing of the assets, or for using them in the bank's operations, should be disclosed;

<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements</b>

**PD-1.3 Disclosure in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)**

- (b) All Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must disclose by type of Islamic financing contract , the total exposure (after on- or off-balance sheet netting, where applicable) that is covered by eligible collateral after the application of haircuts; and
- (c) All Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must disclose the total exposure (after on- or off-balance sheet netting where applicable) that is covered by guarantees by type of Islamic financing contract.

*Disclosures Related to Counterparty Credit Risk (CCR)*

**PD-1.3.26**

All Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must make the following disclosures regarding counterparty credit risk:

- (a) The general qualitative disclosures (PD-1.3.21 and PD-1.3.22) with respect to CCR including:
  - (i) Discussion of methodology used to assign capital and credit limits for counterparty credit exposures;
  - (ii) Discussion of policies for securing collateral and establishing credit provisions; and
  - (iii) Discussion of the impact of the amount of collateral the bank would have to provide if given a credit rating downgrade; and
- (b) Gross positive fair value of contracts, netting benefits, netted current credit exposures and collateral held (including type: e.g. cash, government securities, etc.). Also measures for exposure at default. The distribution of current credit exposure by type of credit exposure (e.g. FX contracts, equity contracts, commodity contracts, etc.).



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

## PD-1.3 Disclosure in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)

### *Market Risk Disclosures for Banks*

#### PD-1.3.27

Banks must disclose the following items:

- (a) The general qualitative disclosure requirements for market risk (PD-1.3.21), identifying the concerned portfolios (special mention must be made of assets that do not have a ready market and/or which are exposed to high price volatility); and
- (b) The capital requirements for each category of the market risk items:
  - (i) Equity position risk;
  - (ii) Market risk on trading positions in sukuk;
  - (iii) Foreign exchange risk (i.e. net open position); and
  - (iv) Commodity risk (i.e. price risk);on an end period basis, as well as showing the maximum and minimum values during the period for each category of market risk shown above; and
- (c) The disclosures under Subparagraph PD-1.3.27 (b) must be followed by detailed quantitative information about the nature and extent of profit-rate sensitive assets and liabilities and off-balance sheet exposures (e.g. breakdown of fixed and floating rate items and the net profit rate margin earned, and the duration and effective profit rate of assets and liabilities). These disclosures should be by each portfolio identified in Subparagraph PD-1.3.27 (a), showing their related gains and losses. Also, the effect on the value of assets, liabilities and capital for a 200bp change in profit rates should be disclosed.

### *Operational Risk Disclosures*

#### PD-1.3.28

All banks must disclose the general qualitative disclosures (PD-1.3.21) and also the approach(es) for operational risk which the bank employs to control such risk, and disclosures of any issues considered to be individually significant.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

### PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)

#### *Operational Risk Qualitative Disclosures*

PD-1.3.29

The following additional qualitative disclosures (to Paragraph PD-1.3.21) should be made for operational risk:

- (a) Policies to incorporate operational risk measures into the management framework- for example budgeting, target-setting, and performance review and compliance;
- (b) Policies and processes:
  - (i) To help track loss events and potential exposures;
  - (ii) To report to these losses, indicators and scenarios on a regular basis; and
  - (iii) To review the reports jointly by risk and line managers;
- (c) Policies on the loss mitigation process via contingency planning, business continuity planning, staff training and enhancement of internal controls, as well as business processes and infrastructures; and
- (d) A statement of how banks manage and control operational risks arising from pending legal actions.

#### *Operational Risk Quantitative Disclosures*

PD-1.3.30

The following quantitative disclosures should be made for operational risk:

- (a) The calculation of the capital charge or RWA equivalent for operational risk;
- (b) Indicators of operational risk exposures, such as:
  - (i) Gross income;
  - (ii) Amount of non-Shari'a- compliant income; and
  - (iii) Number of Shari'a violations that were identified and reported during the financial year; and
- (c) Material legal contingencies including pending legal actions and a discussion and estimate of the potential liabilities.

#### *Disclosure Requirements for Equity Positions in the Banking Book*

PD-1.3.31

All banks must make the following disclosures for any equities held in the Banking Book:

- (a) The general qualitative disclosure requirement (PD-1.3.21) with respect to equity risk, including:
  - (i) Differentiation between holdings on which capital gains are expected and those taken under other objectives including for relationship and strategic reasons; and



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements</b>

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks  
(continued)**

- (ii) Discussion of important policies covering the valuation and accounting of equity holdings in the banking book. This includes the accounting policies and valuation methodologies used, including key assumptions and practices affecting valuation as well as significant changes in these practices;
- (b) Total gross exposure and average gross exposure to equity-based financing structures by type of financing contract;
- (c) The types and nature of investments, including the amount that can be classified as quoted on an active market or privately held;
- (d) The cumulative realised gains (or losses) arising from sales or liquidations in the reporting period;
- (e) Total unrealised gains and losses recognised in the balance sheet but not through the P&L;
- (f) Any unrealised gains and losses included in Tier One and Tier Two capital; and
- (g) Capital requirements broken down by appropriate equity groupings, consistent with the methodology, as well as the aggregate amounts and type of equity investments subject to any supervisory transition or grandfathering provisions regarding regulatory capital requirement.



MODULE	PD:	Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1:	Annual Disclosure Requirements

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks  
(continued)**

*Unrestricted Investment Accounts: Qualitative Disclosures*

**PD-1.3.32**

The following qualitative disclosures should be made when the concerned Islamic bank has unrestricted investment accounts:

- (a) Written procedures and policies applicable to the investment accounts, including a synopsis of the following:
  - (i) General applicable investment objectives;
  - (ii) Range of investment products available;
  - (iii) Characteristics of investors for whom various investment accounts may be appropriate;
  - (iv) Purchase, redemption and distribution procedures, including IAH's rights to withdraw funds during the term of the Mudarabah contract, and any penalties, such as forfeited shares of profits, that will be incurred by doing so;
  - (v) Experience of portfolio managers, investment advisors and trustees;
  - (vi) Governance arrangements for the IAH funds; and
  - (vii) Strategy for trading and organization of assets;
- (b) Disclosure that IAH funds are invested and managed in accordance with Shari'a requirements;
- (c) Product information and the manner in which the products are made available to investors;
- (d) Basis and method of allocation of assets, expenses and profit in relation to IAH funds, including, with particular reference to unrestricted IAH, the co-mingling of their funds with other funds managed by the bank, the balance between shareholders' and IAH's interests in terms of allocating investment funds and the risk-return characteristics of investments;



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements</b>

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks  
(continued)**

- (e) Disclosures on the policies governing the management of IAH funds, which covers the approaches to the management of investment portfolio, establishment of prudential reserves, and the calculation, allocation and distribution of profits, including the extent of management's right to appropriate IAH's share of investment profit in order to build up PER and or IRR, to use these reserves to smooth profit payouts to IAH, the rules governing the transfer of funds to or from PER and IRR, including contractual or regulatory limits on management's discretion in the matter and the disposition of unused balances on these accounts at the end of the relevant Mudarabah contract;
- (f) The availability of "personal banking" and investment advisory and financial planning services for the benefit of IAH, and the degree of independence of such advisors in recommending products offered by other banks;
- (g) Complaints procedures available to dissatisfied IAH;
- (h) The extent of any sharing of profits from the bank's provision of fee-based banking;
- (i) The extent to which the bank is committed to paying a competitive rate of return by accepting DCR;
- (j) The major changes in the investment strategies that affect the investment accounts (including commingling of funds);
- (k) Bases applied for charging expenses to unrestricted IAH; and
- (l) Description of total administrative expenses charged to unrestricted IAH.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)**

*Unrestricted Investment Accounts: Quantitative Disclosure Requirements*

**PD-1.3.33**

The following quantitative disclosures should be made when the concerned Islamic bank has unrestricted investment accounts:

- (a) Amount of IAH funds;
- (b) The ratio of Profit Equalization Reserves (PER) to the total amount of PSIA by type of IAH;
- (c) The ratio of Investment Risk Reserves (IRR) to the total of PSIA by type of IAH;
- (d) ROAA and ROAE;
- (e) Ratio of profit distributed to PSIA by type of IAH. The bank must disclose the profit sharing formula used for the calculation and distribution of profits;
- (f) The management fee (Mudarib share) as a percentage of the total investment profit, and the extent to which it is subject to partial or total waiver in order to pay a competitive rate of return to IAH;
- (g) Ratio of financing to PSIA by type of IAH;
- (h) Percentage of financing for each type of Shari'a-compliant contract to total financing;
- (i) Percentage of financing for each category of counterparty to total financing – that is, Amount of Shari'a-compliant financing extended to a category of counterparties (outstanding) / Amount of total financing (outstanding) x 100;
- (j) The carrying amount of any assets that the bank has pledged as collateral and the terms and conditions relating to the pledge;
- (k) The amount of any guarantees or pledges given by the bank and the conditions attaching to those guarantees or pledges;
- (l) Share of profits earned by IAH, before transfers to or from reserves (amount and as a percentage of funds invested);
- (m) Share of profits paid out to IAH, after transfers to or from reserves (amount and as a percentage of funds invested);
- (n) Share of profits paid out to the bank as Mudarib;
- (o) Movement on PER and IRR during the year;
- (p) The utilization and computation of PER and/or IRR during the period;
- (q) Average declared rate of return or profit rate on PSIA by maturity (3-month, 6-month, 12-month, 36-month);
- (r) Types of assets in which the funds are invested and the actual allocation among various types of assets;



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD:</b>	<b>Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-1:</b>	<b>Annual Disclosure Requirements</b>

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)**

- (s) Changes in asset allocation in the last six months;
- (t) Off-balance sheet exposures arising from investment decisions, such as commitment and contingencies;
- (u) Limits imposed on the amount that can be invested in any one asset;
- (v) The treatment of assets financed by IAH in the calculation of RWA for capital adequacy purposes;
- (w) Profits earned and profits paid out over the past five years (amount and as a percentage of funds invested); and
- (x) Amount of total administrative expenses charged to unrestricted IAH.

*Restricted Investment Accounts: Qualitative Disclosure Requirements*

**PD-1.3.34**

The following qualitative disclosures should be made in addition to PD 1.3.32 (a) to (g) when the concerned Islamic bank has restricted investment accounts:

- (a) Written policies on the bank's fiduciary duties in managing IAH funds, and the policies and procedures for monitoring these duties; and
- (b) The duties and obligations of investment account managers in managing the IAH funds, and the policies and procedures for monitoring these duties and obligations.

*Restricted Investment Accounts: Quantitative Disclosure Requirements*

**PD-1.3.35**

The following quantitative disclosures should be made in addition to PD 1.3.33 (a) to (w)- excluding (p) when the concerned Islamic bank has restricted investment account:

- (a) Current period returns;
- (b) Historical returns over the past five years;
- (c) The use of off-balance sheet transactions for investment management, where relevant; and
- (d) Disclosure of the range and measures of risks facing each restricted IAH fund, based on its specific investment policies.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)**

*Liquidity Risk Qualitative Disclosures*

**PD-1.3.36**

All banks must disclose a summary of the liquidity risk management framework used for assessing the risk exposure for each category of funding as well as on an aggregate basis:

- (a) Current accounts;
- (b) Unrestricted investment accounts; and
- (c) Restricted investment account.

Banks must also disclose the policy on diversity of funding sources to allow sufficient resources to Shari'a-compliant funds to mitigate liquidity risk.

*Liquidity Risk Quantitative Disclosures*

**PD-1.3.37**

All banks must disclose the indicators of exposures to liquidity risk such as short-term assets to short-term liabilities, liquid asset ratios or funding volatility.

**PD-1.3.38**

Banks must disclose a maturity analysis of financing and various categories of funding (current account, unrestricted investment account and restricted investment account) by different maturity buckets.

*Rate of Return Risk Qualitative Disclosures*

**PD-1.3.39**

The following qualitative disclosures should be made for rate of return risk.

- (a) Discussion of factors affecting rates of return and benchmark rates, and the effects thereof on the pricing of contracts; and
- (b) Processes and systems to monitor and measure the factors that give rise to rate of return risk.



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD:</b>	<b>Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-1:</b>	<b>Annual Disclosure Requirements</b>

**PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks  
(continued)**

*Rate of Return Risk Quantitative Disclosures*

**PD-1.3.40**

The following quantitative disclosures should be made for rate of return risk:

- (a) Indicators of exposures to rate of return risk- for example, data on expected payments/ receipts on financing and funding and the cost of funding at different maturity buckets according to time of maturity or time of re-pricing for floating rate assets or funding; and
- (b) Sensitivity analysis of bank's profits and the rate of returns to price or profit rate movements in the market, including detailed quantitative information about the nature and extent of profit-rate sensitive assets and liabilities and off-balance sheet exposures (e.g. breakdown of fixed and floating profit items and the profit margin earned, and the duration and effective profit rate of assets and liabilities). These disclosures should be by each portfolio identified in PD-1.3.23 a), showing their related gains and losses. Also, the effect on the value of assets, liabilities and economic capital for a benchmark change of 200bp in profit rates should be disclosed.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

### PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)

#### *Displaced Commercial Risk (DCR) Disclosures*

##### PD-1.3.41

All banks must disclose the following regarding DCR:

- (a) The bank's policy on DCR, including the framework for managing the expectations of its shareholders and unrestricted IAH, the sharing of risks among the various stakeholders, and the range and measures of risk facing unrestricted IAH based on the bank's general business strategies and investment policies;
- (b) The historical data over the past five years for the following:
  - (i) Total Mudarabah profits available for sharing between unrestricted IAH and shareholders as Mudarib (as a percentage of Mudarabah assets);
  - (ii) Mudarabah profits earned for unrestricted IAH (as a percentage of assets) before any smoothing;
  - (iii) Mudarabah profits paid out to unrestricted IAH (as a percentage of assets) after any smoothing;
  - (iv) Balances of PER and IRR, and movement of these in determining unrestricted IAH payout excluding PD-1.3.33(p);
  - (v) Variations in Mudarib's agreed profit-sharing ratio from the contractually agreed ratio; and
  - (vi) Market benchmark rates selected by the bank;
- (c) Five year comparison of historical rate of return of unrestricted IAH in relation to the market benchmark rate selected by the bank;
- (d) Five year comparison between the percentage rate of returns to IAH and the percentage returns to shareholders from Mudarabah profits;
- (e) Amount and percentage of profits appropriated to PER and IRR;
- (f) Analysis of the difference between aggregate Mudarabah-earned profit and profit distributed to IAH as a function of movement in PER, IRR and the Mudarib's share; and
- (g) Analysis of the proportion of the RWA funded by IAH that should be considered in arriving at the total RWA together with an explanation of the underlying rationale.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

### PD-1.3 Disclosures in the Annual Report for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)

#### *Disclosures Concerning other Risks*

PD-1.3.42

The following quantitative information about investments in foreign subsidiaries (as included in the Financial Statements Section and representing foreign currency translation risk) must be included in the Annual Report, supplemented by a discussion about:

- (a) The nature of the related currency exposure;
- (b) How that exposure has changed from year to year;
- (c) Foreign exchange translation effects thereon;
- (d) The earnings impact of foreign exchange transactions; and
- (e) The effectiveness of risk management (hedging) strategies.

#### *Compliance Disclosures*

PD-1.3.43

The annual report must include a declaration by the external auditor that it did not come across any violations of the requirements below during the course of its audit work that would have any material negative impact on the financial position of the bank:

- (a) The Bahrain Commercial Companies Law (as amended);
- (b) The CBB Law where a violation might have had a material negative effect on the business of the bank or on its financial position;
- (c) The Regulations and Directives issued by the CBB, including Volume 6 (Capital Markets); and
- (d) The Rulebook of the licensed exchange and associated Resolutions, Rules and Procedures (where applicable).

PD-1.3.44

The Annual Report must disclose the amount of any penalties paid to the CBB during the period of the report together with a factual description of the reason(s) given by the CBB for the penalty (see Section EN-1.3). Bahraini Islamic bank licensees which fail to comply with this requirement will be required to make the disclosure in the annual report of the subsequent year and will be subject to an enforcement action for non-disclosure.



MODULE	PD:	Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1:	Annual Disclosure Requirements

### PD-1.3A Disclosures in the Annual Audited Financial Report for Branches of Foreign Banks

#### PD-1.3A.1

All branches of foreign bank licensees must disclose in their annual audited financial statements the amount of any penalties paid to the CBB during the period of the report together with a factual description of the reason(s) given by the CBB for the penalty (see Section EN-1.3). Branches which fail to comply with this requirement will be required to make the disclosure in the annual audited financial statements of the subsequent year and will be subject to an enforcement action for non-disclosure.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

#### PD-1.4 Additional Disclosure in the Annual Audited Financial Statements of Banks Listed on a Licensed Exchange

PD-1.4.1 The content of this Section is applicable only to Bahraini Islamic bank licensees listed on a licensed exchange.

PD-1.4.2 The disclosure requirements set out in this Section for banks referred to under Paragraph PD-1.4.1 are in addition to those set out in Section PD-1.3.

##### *Interests of Approved Persons*

PD-1.4.3 Without prejudice to any other requirement of Bahrain law (or any other direction of the Central Bank), the Directors' Report Section of the annual report of banks should contain details of the interests of approved persons in the shares of such banks. Such details should include:

- (a) Total interests in the shares of such banks by individual persons mentioned above; and
- (b) Changes in such interests from the previous financial year to the current financial year.

PD-1.4.4 For the purpose of the disclosure required under Paragraph PD-1.4.3, any interests in the shares of a bank held by the spouse(s) or children of an approved person, or any other person the control of whose interests in such shares lies ultimately with the approved person, shall be deemed to be the interests of the relevant approved person. For a definition of 'interest in the shares', see Paragraph PD-1.1.2(d).



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-1: Annual Disclosure Requirements

## PD-1.5 Press Release on Annual Results

### PD-1.5.1

Where a bank chooses to issue a narrative press release in conjunction with or in relation to the publication of its audited annual financial statements as required under Paragraph PD-1.2.3, the press release must indicate the net income for the last quarter.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD 2: Semi-Annual (Interim) Disclosure Requirements for Overseas Islamic Retail Banks

## PD-2.1 Disclosure by Overseas Islamic Retail Banks

### PD-2.1.1

[This Paragraph was deleted in April 2016].

### PD-2.1.2

Overseas Islamic retail bank licensees are required by the CBB to prepare and disclose to the public the following reviewed information (in the same format as their Annual Audited Accounts) for their Bahrain operations on a semi-annual (interim) basis:

- (a) A statement of financial position (balance sheet);
- (b) A statement of income;
- (c) A statement of cash flow; and
- (d) A statement of comprehensive income, where applicable.

### PD-2.1.3

The statements referred to under Paragraph PD-2.1.2 must be reviewed by the bank's external auditor, in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISA) applicable to Review Engagements.

### PD-2.1.4

The statements referred to under Paragraph PD-2.1.2 must be published in one local newspaper within 2 months from the statements' date.

### PD-2.1.5

Banks must submit a newspaper copy of the statements (referred to under Paragraph PD-2.1.2) to the CBB within two business days of publication from the statements' date. The copy must be accompanied by a letter clearly showing on which date and in which publication(s) the statements were published.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-3: Quarterly Disclosure Requirements

### PD-3.1 Publication of Reviewed (Unaudited) Quarterly Financial Statements for Bahraini Islamic banks

PD-3.1.1 [This Paragraph was deleted in April 2016].

PD-3.1.2 Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must prepare reviewed (unaudited) quarterly financial statements in accordance with AAOIFI Standards (and IFRS where applicable) for the first three quarters of their financial year.

PD-3.1.3 Banks' unaudited quarterly financial statements must be reviewed by their external auditor who must also make a statement regarding the results of such review. Such review and statement must be made in accordance with the applicable AAOIFI standards and/or International Standards on Review Engagements.

PD-3.1.4 Extracts from the reviewed quarterly financial statements (including at least the statement of financial position (balance sheet), the statements of income, cash flows and changes in shareholders' equity as required by AAOIFI Standards must be published in one Arabic and one English daily newspaper widely available in Bahrain and on the bank's website within 45 calendar days of the end of the quarter to which such statements relate. (See Paragraph PD-5.1.2 for non-listed Bahraini Islamic wholesale bank licensees).

PD-3.1.5 Banks must submit a newspaper copy of the statements (referred to under Paragraph PD-3.1.4) to the CBB within two business days of publication. The copy must be accompanied by a letter clearly showing on which date and in which publication(s) the statements were published.

PD 3.1.5A Banks must publish the disclosures required by Appendices PD-1 to PD-4 (as mentioned in Section PD-A.2) on their website in accordance with the deadline required under Paragraph PD-3.1.4.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-3: Quarterly Disclosure Requirements

## PD-3.1 Publication of Reviewed (Unaudited) Quarterly Financial Statements for Bahraini Islamic Banks (continued)

### *Additional Requirements for Semi Annual Disclosures*

#### PD-3.1.6

In addition to the requirements of Paragraphs PD-3.1.1 to PD-3.1.5, the following requirements apply to the Semi-Annual financial statements posted on banks' websites. Banks must make all the quantitative disclosures required by section PD-1.3 in the half-yearly financial statements on their website, within 2 months of the end of the half-yearly financial statements, but the qualitative disclosure requirements of the Paragraphs listed below may be dispensed with at the option of the bank in their half-yearly statements:

- (a) PD-1.3.9 (a) and (b);
- (b) PD-1.3.10 and PD-1.3.10A to PD-1.3.10G;
- (c) PD-1.3.16;
- (d) PD-1.3.21-22;
- (e) PD-1.3.25 (a);
- (f) PD-1.3.26 (a);
- (g) PD-1.3.27 (a) to (c);
- (h) [This sub-paragraph was deleted in October 2020];
- (i) PD-1.3.29;
- (j) PD-1.3.31 (a);
- (k) PD-1.3.32;
- (l) PD-1.3.34;
- (m) PD-1.3.36;
- (n) PD-1.3.39.

#### PD 3.1.7

Banks must retain an ongoing archive of all applicable public disclosures required by Sections PD-1 and PD-3, including the required appendices on their website. This archive must contain historical data (as required depending upon implementation date) for a minimum period of five years.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-3: Quarterly Disclosure Requirements

## PD-3.2 Special Arrangements for Newly-Established Banks

**PD-3.2.1** Newly-established banks are not required to follow the publication requirements of sections PD-3.1 for the first three quarters of their operation or until the commencement of their second financial year of operation (whichever period is the longer).

**PD-3.2.2** After the above period has expired, all newly-established Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must follow the publication requirements of Section PD-3.1. Newly-established banks must follow the requirements for annual reporting.



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-4: Other Public Disclosure Requirements</b>

## **PD-4.1 Introduction**

PD-4.1.1 The purpose of the contents of this Chapter is to set out the CBB's requirements relating to other public disclosure of information by the banks, not covered in Chapters PD-1 to PD-3.



<b>MODULE</b>	<b>PD: Public Disclosure Requirements</b>
<b>CHAPTER</b>	<b>PD-4: Other Public Disclosure Requirements</b>

**PD-4.2 Disclosure of Key Terms Relating to a Consumer Finance Agreement [This Section was deleted in October 2012 and requirements are now included in Section BC-4.2]**



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-4: Other Public Disclosure Requirements

### PD-4.3 Disclosure to Commercial Customers of Charges on Short-term Financing Facilities

**PD-4.3.1** The content of this Section is applicable to all retail banks licensed by the CBB.

**PD-4.3.2** The CBB requires all retail banks to display, by a conspicuous notice, their scale of charges on BD short-term revolving facilities to commercial customers.

**PD-4.3.3** [This Paragraph was deleted in April 2016.]

**PD-4.3.4** Retail banks are left free to decide their own basis of charging and to make changes to it as they consider appropriate.

**PD-4.3.5** Retail banks must display a list of current charges including any standard charges and commissions that will be applied by the bank to individual services and transactions. See Section BC 4.2 for further details.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-4: Other Public Disclosure Requirements

#### PD-4.4 Disclosure Relating to Deposit and Unrestricted Investment Accounts Protection Scheme

**PD-4.4.1** The content of this Section is applicable to all retail banks licensed by the CBB.

**PD-4.4.2** The CBB requires all retail banks referring (directly or indirectly) to the protection of deposits in related marketing materials and in general notices featured within banking halls and in account documentation, including the Annual Report, to prominently disclose the following statement:

- ‘Deposits and Unrestricted Investment Accounts held with [name of Islamic retail bank licensee] in the Kingdom are covered by the Regulation Protecting Deposits and Unrestricted Investment Accounts issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain in accordance with Resolution No.(34) of 2010.’

**PD-4.4.3** Retail banks must, in discussions and/or correspondence with new and prospective customers, bring the Deposit and Unrestricted Investment Accounts Protection Scheme and the protection afforded by it to the customer’s notice.

PD-4.4.4 The CBB welcomes the introduction by the banks, at their discretion, of other appropriate means to promote the Deposit and Unrestricted Investment Accounts Protection Scheme as prominently as possible.

PD-4.4.5 For detailed guidance on the Deposit and Unrestricted Investment Accounts Protection Scheme’s documentation requirements, see Chapter CP-2.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-4: Other Public Disclosure Requirements

## PD-4.5 Press Releases Concerning Financial Statements

### PD-4.5.1

The content of this Section is applicable to all Bahraini Islamic bank licensees.

### PD-4.5.2

Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must obtain the CBB's prior approval before issuing any press releases regarding interim or annual financial statements. Bahraini Islamic bank licensees must not publish or cause to be published, any media statements until such times as CBB approval has been granted.

### PD-4.5.3

In implementing Rule PD-4.5.2, the CBB will provide the Bahraini Islamic bank licensee with a written decision within two business days of the receipt of request for approval.



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD 5: Public Disclosure via the Internet

## PD-5.1 Publication and Disclosure of Financial Results

### *Existing Requirements*

PD-5.1.1 [This Paragraph was deleted in April 2012].

### *Criteria for Application for Disclosure via the Internet*

PD-5.1.2 Non-listed Bahraini Islamic wholesale bank licensees may apply to the CBB to disclose their quarterly financial statements via the internet. If a bank wishes to cease disclosure of quarterly financial statements via the local press, it must satisfy the following criteria:

- (a) The bank has no shareholders resident in Bahrain;
- (b) The bank has no customers resident in Bahrain. Customers include borrowers, depositors, investment account holders or persons from whom the bank earns fees or commissions. 'Customers' in this context would not include other banks, but would include Bahraini corporations, the Government of Bahrain and its agencies, and private individuals (whether high net worth or not); and
- (c) The bank does not market itself in any way to residents of Bahrain. In particular, the bank must not market funds or other financial products to residents, even if the bank has no on balance sheet assets or liabilities arising from Bahraini residents.

PD-5.1.3 [This Paragraph was deleted in April 2016.]



MODULE	PD: Public Disclosure Requirements
CHAPTER	PD-6: Corporate Governance Disclosure to Shareholders

## PD-6.1 General Requirements

### PD-6.1.1

In addition to the corporate governance disclosure required under Paragraph PD-1.3.10, banks must also disclose to their shareholders the following information:

- (a) Names of shareholders owning 5% or more and, if they act in concert, a description of the voting, shareholders' or other agreements among them relating to acting in concert, and of any other direct and indirect relationships among them or with the bank licensee or other shareholders;
- (b) Information on the directorships held by the directors on other boards;
- (c) Director's trading of the bank's shares during the year;
- (d) [This Subparagraph was deleted in January 2012];
- (e) [This Subparagraph was deleted in January 2012];
- (f) [This Subparagraph was deleted in January 2012];
- (g) Audit fees charged by the external auditor;
- (h) Non-audit services provided by the external auditor and fees;
- (i) Reasons for any switching of auditor and reappointing of auditor; and
- (j) Conflict of Interest – any issues arising must be reported, in addition describe any steps the board takes to ensure directors exercise independent judgment in considering transactions and agreements in respect of which a director or executive officer has a material interest.