GENERAL REQUIREMENTS MODULE



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| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-A: | Introduction |

GR-A.1 Purpose

Executive Summary

GR-A.1.1 The General Requirements Module presents a variety of different requirements that are not extensive enough to warrant their own stand-alone Module, but for the most part are generally applicable. These include requirements on books and records; on the use of corporate and trade names; and on <u>controllers</u> and <u>close links</u>. Each set of requirements is contained in its own Chapter: a table listing these and their application to <u>licensees</u> is given in Chapter GR-B.

Legal Basis

- **GR-A.1.2** This Module contains the Central Bank of Bahrain ('CBB') Directive (as amended from time to time) regarding general requirements applicable to <u>investment firm licensees</u>, and is issued under the powers available to the CBB under Article 38 of the Central Bank of Bahrain and Financial Institutions Law 2006 ('CBB Law'). Requirements regarding transfers of business (see Chapter GR-4) and controllers (see Chapter GR-5) are also included in Regulations, to be issued by the CBB.
- GR-A.1.3 For an explanation of the CBB's rule-making powers and different regulatory instruments, see section UG-1.1.



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| CHAPTER | GR-A: | Introduction |

GR-A.2 Module History

Evolution of Module

- GR-A.2.1 This Module was first issued in April 2006, by the BMA, as part of the first phase of Volume 4 (Investment Business) to be released. Any material changes that have subsequently been made to this Module are annotated with the calendar quarter date in which the change was made: Chapter UG-3 provides further details on Rulebook maintenance and version control.
- GR-A.2.2 When the CBB replaced the BMA in September 2006, the provisions of this Module remained in force. Volume 4 was updated in July 2007 to reflect the switch to the CBB; however, new calendar quarter dates were only issued where the update necessitated changes to actual requirements.
- GR-A.2.3 A list of recent changes made to this Module is detailed in the table below:

| Module Ref. | Change Date | Description of Changes |
|-------------|-------------|--|
| GR-A.1.2 | 07/2007 | New Rule, classifying this Module as a Directive. |
| GR-B.1.2 | 07/2007 | Reference to GR-10 in table removed, to reflect deletion of this Chapter (the contents of which have been moved to Module AU). |
| GR-4 | 07/2007 | Amendments made to align the Chapter with the requirements of the CBB Law. |
| GR-5.1 | 07/2007 | Minor changes to align controller requirements with the CBB Law. |
| GR-5.2 | 07/2007 | Clarification of definition of controller. |
| GR-5.3 | 07/2007 | Clarification of criteria for assessing suitability of controllers. |
| GR-5.4 | 07/2007 | Alignment of procedures for approving controllers with CBB Law. |
| GR-7 | 07/2007 | Amendments made to align the Chapter with the requirements of the CBB Law. |
| GR-1.2.1 | 01/2008 | Clarified the record retention period for customer and transaction records in line with Article 60 of the CBB Law. |
| GR-9.1.1A | 04/2008 | Added Guidance concerning limitations on indemnification coverage. |
| GR-B.1 | 10/2009 | Corrected to reflect applicability of Chapter GR-3. |
| GR-5.3.3 | 10/2009 | Paragraph changed from Guidance to Rule. |
| GR-5.3.5 | 10/2009 | Paragraph changed from Guidance to Rule. |
| GR5.4.2 | 10/2009 | Amended to read notices of refusal. |
| GR-7.1 | 10/2009 | Updated to include additional requirements for cessation of business. |
| GR-9 | 10/2009 | Amended heading to read Key Provisions |
| GR-9.1.1 | 10/2009 | Amended to include reference to Form PIIR. |
| GR-9.1.4 | 10/2009 | New rule added regarding professional indemnity insurance needs of licensees. |
| GR-9.1.7 | 10/2009 | Prior approval changed to prior notification |
| GR-1 | 07/2010 | Updated and amended to include cross reference and new paragraph regarding books and records. |
| GR-2.2 | 07/2010 | New section added regarding publication of documents by the licensee. |
| GR-3.1.1 | 07/2010 | Updated to include requirement for dividends. |
| GR-A.1.2 | 01/2011 | Clarified legal basis. |
| GR-3.1.3 | 01/2011 | Expanded guidance dealing with dividends. |
| GR-5.1.4A | 01/2001 | Added a new Rule related to changes in shareholding when legal person is a controller. |
| GR-5.1.5 | 01/2011 | Clarified rule. |
| GR-5.3.6 | 01/2011 | Corrected minor typo. |
| GR-10 | 04/2011 | Added a new Chapter on Subsidiaries, Branches and Representative Offices. |
| GR-3.1.3 | 10/2011 | Clarified guidance Paragraph on CBB's non-objection for dividends to be in line with other Volumes of the CBB Rulebook. |





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| CHAPTER | GR-A: | Introduction |

GR-A.2 Module History (continued)

GR-A.2.3 A list of recent changes made to this Module is detailed in the table below:

| Module Ref. | Change Date | Description of Changes |
|-------------|-------------|---|
| GR-5.3 | 10/2011 | Amended to be in line with other Volumes of the CBB rulebook and to reflect the issuance of Resolution No.(43) of 2011. |
| GR-7 | 10/2011 | Clarified language on cessation of business to be in line with other Volumes of the CBB Rulebook. |

Superseded Requirements

GR-A.2.3 This Module supersedes the following provisions contained in circulars or other regulatory instruments:

| Circular Ref. | Module Ref. | Subject |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| BS/07/2004 | GR-1 | Record-keeping requirements. |
| BC/8/2000 | GR-5 | Controllers of, and holdings and transfers of significant ownership or controlling interests in Agency licensees. |
| Standard Conditions & Licensing Criteria for Licensing for Investment Advisor/Broker | GR-1, GR-9, GR-10 | Books and Records; Professional Indemnity Insurance. |
| Standard Conditions & Licensing Criteria for Licensing Investment Advisor/Consultants | GR-1, GR-9, GR-10 | Books and Records; Professional Indemnity Insurance; License Fees. |
| Standard Conditions & Licensing Criteria for Licensing Stockbroking Company | GR-1, GR-9, GR-10 | Books and Records; Professional Indemnity Insurance; License Fees. |
| Standard Conditions & Standard Criteria for Licensing Broking Company | GR-1, GR-9, GR-10 | Books and Records; Professional Indemnity Insurance; License Fees. |

GR-A.2.4 Guidance on the implementation and transition to Volume 4 (Investment Business) is given in Module ES (Executive Summary).



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-B: | Scope of Application |

GR-B.1 Investment Firm Licensees

GR-B.1.1

The requirements in Module GR (General Requirements) apply to all <u>investment firm licensees</u>, with the exception of Chapter GR-3, which applies to <u>Category 1 investment firms</u> and <u>Category 2 investment</u> <u>firms</u> and Chapter GR-9, which applies to <u>Category 2 investment</u> <u>firms</u> and <u>Category 3 investment firms</u> only.

GR-B.1.2

The scope of application of Module GR (General Requirements) is as follows:

| Chapter | Bahraini Investment Firm Licensee | Overseas Investment Firm Licensee |
|---------|---|--------------------------------------|
| GR-1 | GR-1.1 and GR-1.3 apply to the whole firm; GR-1.2 applies to business booked in Bahrain only. | Applies to the Bahrain branch only. |
| GR-2 | Applies to the whole firm. | Applies to the Bahrain branch only. |
| GR-3 | Applies to <u>Category 1 investment</u> firms and <u>Category 2 investment</u> firms. | Does not apply. |
| GR-4 | Applies to the whole firm. | Applies to the Bahrain branch only. |
| GR-5 | Applies to the whole firm. | Applies to the whole firm. |
| GR-6 | Applies to the whole firm. | Applies to the whole firm. |
| GR-7 | Applies to the whole firm. | Applies to the Bahrain branch only. |
| GR-8 | Applies to the whole firm. | Applies to the Bahrain branch only. |
| GR-9 | Applies to <u>Category 2 investment</u> <u>firms</u> and <u>Category 3 investment</u> <u>firms</u> , with respect to Bahrain business. | Applies to the Bahrain branch only. |

GR-B.1.3 In the case of <u>Bahraini investment firm licensees</u>, certain requirements apply to the whole firm, irrespective of the location of its business; other requirements apply only in respect to business booked in Bahrain. In the case of <u>overseas investment firm licensees</u>, the requirements of Module GR mostly only apply to business booked in the Bahrain branch.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-1: | Books and Records |

GR-1.1 General Requirements

- **GR-1.1.1** In accordance with Articles 59 of the CBB Law, all <u>investment firm</u> <u>licensees</u> must maintain books and records (whether in electronic or hard copy form) sufficient to produce financial statements and show a complete record of the business undertaken by a <u>licensee</u>. These records must be retained for at least ten years according to Article 60 of the CBB Law.
- GR-1.1.2 GR-1.1.1 includes accounts, books, files and other records (e.g. trial balance, general ledger, nostro/vostro statements, reconciliations, list of counterparties). It also includes records that substantiate the value of the assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet activities of the <u>licensee</u> (e.g. client activity files and valuation documentation).
- GR-1.1.3 Separately, Bahrain Law currently requires other corporate records to be retained for at least five years (see Ministerial Order No. 23 of 2002, Article 5(2), made pursuant to the Amiri Decree Law No. 4 of 2001).
- **GR-1.1.4** Unless otherwise agreed to by the CBB in writing, records must be kept in either English or Arabic. Any records kept in languages other than English or Arabic must be accompanied by a certified English or Arabic translation. Records must be kept current. The records must be sufficient to allow an audit of the <u>licensee's</u> business or an on-site examination of the <u>licensee</u> by the CBB.
- GR-1.1.5 Translations produced in compliance with Rule GR-1.1.4 may be undertaken inhouse, by an employee or contractor of the <u>licensee</u>, providing they are certified by an appropriate officer of the <u>licensee</u>.

Location of Books and Records



6 Records must be accessible at any time from within the Kingdom of Bahrain, or as otherwise agreed with the CBB in writing.

GR-1.1.7 Where older records have been archived, or in the case of records relating to overseas branches of <u>Bahraini investment firm licensees</u>, the CBB may accept that records be accessible within a reasonably short time frame (e.g. within 5 business days), instead of immediately. The CBB may also agree similar arrangements for <u>overseas investment firm licensees</u>, as well as <u>Bahraini investment firm licensees</u>, where elements of record retention and management have been centralised in another group company, whether inside or outside of Bahrain.

GR-1.1.8

Paragraphs GR-1.1.1 to GR-1.1.7 apply to <u>Bahraini investment firm</u> <u>licensees</u>, with respect to all its business activities. These requirements also apply to <u>overseas investment firm licensees</u>, but only with respect to the business booked in their branch in Bahrain.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR 1: | Books and Records |

GR-1.2 Transaction Records

- **GR-1.2.1** <u>Investment firm licensees</u> must keep completed transaction records for as long as they are relevant for the purposes for which they were made (with a minimum period in all cases of ten years from the date when the transaction was terminated). Records of terminated transactions must be kept in their original form (whether in hard copy and/or electronic format).
- GR-1.2.2 For example, if the original documents are paper, they must be kept in their original form. Electronic payments and receipts may be kept electronically without the need for hard copies. The record format selected must be capable of producing complete and accurate financial, management and regulatory reports, and allow monitoring and review of all transactions.
- **GR-1.2.3** Rule GR-1.2.1 applies only to transactions relating to business booked in Bahrain by the <u>licensee</u>. It does not relate to transactions relating to business booked in overseas branches or subsidiaries of the <u>licensee</u>.
- GR-1.2.4 In the case of <u>overseas investment firm licensees</u>, Rule GR-1.2.1 therefore only applies to business booked in the Bahrain branch, not in the rest of the company.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR 1: | Books and Records |

GR-1.3 Other Records

Corporate Records

GR-1.3.1

<u>Investment firm licensees</u> must maintain the following records in original form or in hard copy at their premises in Bahrain:

- (a) Internal policies, procedures and operating manuals;
- (b) Corporate records, including minutes of <u>shareholders</u>', <u>Directors</u>' and management meetings;
- (c) Correspondence with the CBB and records relevant to monitoring compliance with CBB requirements;
- (d) Reports prepared by the <u>investment firm licensee's</u> internal and external auditors; and
- (e) Employee training manuals and records.
- GR-1.3.2 In the case of <u>Bahraini investment firm licensees</u>, these requirements apply to the <u>licensee</u> as a whole, including any overseas branches. In the case of <u>overseas</u> investment firm licensees, all the requirements of Chapter GR-1 are limited to the business booked in their branch in Bahrain and the records of that branch (see GR-1.1.7).

Customer Records

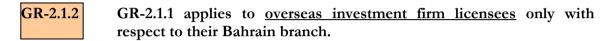
GR-1.3.3 Record-keeping requirements with respect to customer records, including customer identification and due diligence records, are contained in Module FC (Financial Crime).



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR 2: | Corporate and Trade Names |

GR-2.1 Vetting of Names

GR-2.1.1 <u>Investment firm licensees</u> must seek prior approval from the CBB for their corporate name and any trade names, and those of their subsidiaries located in Bahrain.



GR-2.1.3 In approving a corporate or trade name, the CBB seeks to ensure that it is sufficiently distinct as to reduce possible confusion with other unconnected businesses, particularly those operating in the financial services sector. The CBB also seeks to ensure that names used by unregulated subsidiaries do not suggest those subsidiaries are in fact regulated.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR 2: | Corporate and Trade Names |

GR-2.2 Publication of Documents by the Licensee



Any written communication, including stationery, business cards or other business documentation published by the <u>licensee</u>, or used by its employees (agents, representatives, financial advisers or introducers) must include a statement that the <u>licensee</u> is regulated by the Central Bank of Bahrain, the type and category of license and the legal status. Additionally, written communication (stationery) should state the authorised and paid up capital of the <u>licensee</u>. All <u>licensees</u> should comply with this requirement by 31st December 2010 at the latest.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-3: | Dividends |

GR-3.1 CBB Non-Objection

- **GR-3.1.1** <u>Bahraini investment firm licensees</u>, other than <u>Category 3 investment</u> <u>firms</u>, must obtain a letter of no-objection from the CBB to any dividend proposed, before announcing the proposed dividend by way of press announcement or any other means of communication and prior to submitting a proposal for a distribution of profits to a <u>shareholder</u> vote.
- GR-3.1.2 The CBB will grant a no-objection letter where it is satisfied that the level of dividend proposed is unlikely to leave the <u>licensee</u> vulnerable for the foreseeable future to breaching the CBB's financial resources requirements, taking into account (as appropriate) trends in the <u>licensee's</u> business volumes, expenses, trend performance and investment environment.
- GR-3.1.3To facilitate the prior approval required under Paragraph GR-3.1.1, investment firm
licensees subject to Paragraph GR-3.1.1 should provide the CBB with:
 - (a) The licensee's intended percentage and amount of proposed dividends for the coming year;
 - (b) A letter of no objection from the <u>licensee's</u> external auditor on such profit distribution; and
 - (c) A detailed analysis of the impact of the proposed dividend on the capital adequacy requirements outlined in Module CA (Capital Adequacy).



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-4: | Business Transfers |

GR-4.1 CBB Approval

GR-4.1.1 An <u>investment firm licensee</u> must seek prior written approval from the CBB before transferring any of its business to a third party.

- GR-4.1.2 Rule GR-4.1.1 is intended to apply to circumstances where an <u>investment firm</u> <u>licensee</u> wishes to sell all or part of its business to a third party. It does not apply where an <u>investment firm licensee</u> is simply transferring <u>client assets</u> to a third party, on instruction from the client concerned.
- **GR-4.1.3** In the case of a <u>Bahraini investment firm licensee</u>, Chapter GR-4 applies both to its business booked in Bahrain and in the firm's overseas branches. In the case of an <u>overseas investment firm licensee</u>, Chapter GR-4 applies only to business booked in the firm's Bahrain branch.

GR-4.1.4

In all cases, CBB approval to transfer business will only be given where:

- (a) The transfer of business will not damage or otherwise prejudice the legitimate interests of the <u>licensee's</u> customers;
- (b) The transferee is duly licensed to undertake the business which it is to receive; and
- (c) The CBB is satisfied that the transfer will not breach any applicable laws or regulations, and would not create any supervisory concerns.
- GR-4.1.5 In assessing the criteria outlined in Paragraph GR-4.1.4, the CBB will, amongst other factors, take into account the financial strength of the transferee; its capacity to manage the business being transferred; its track record in complying with applicable regulatory requirements; and (where applicable) its track record in treating customers fairly. The CBB will also take into account the impact of the transfer on the transferor, and any consequences this may have for the transferor's remaining customers.

GR-4.1.6

<u>Investment firm licensees</u> seeking to obtain the CBB's permission to transfer business must apply to the CBB in writing, in the form of a covering letter together with supporting attachments. Unless otherwise directed by the CBB, the application must provide:

- (a) Full details of the business to be transferred;
- (b) The rationale for the proposed transfer;
- (c) If applicable, an assessment of the impact of the transfer on any customers directly affected by the transfer, and any mitigating factors or measures;
- (d) If applicable, an assessment of the impact of the transfer on the transferor's remaining business and customers, and any mitigating factors or measures; and
- (e) Evidence that the proposed transfer has been duly authorised by the transferor (such as a certified copy of a Board resolution approving the transfer).



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-4: | Business Transfers |

GR-4.1 CBB Approval (continued)

- GR-4.1.7 Firms intending to apply to transfer business are advised to contact the CBB at the earliest possible opportunity, prior to submitting a formal application, in order that the CBB may determine the nature and level of documentation to be provided and the need for an auditor or other expert opinion to be provided to support the application. The documentation specified in Paragraph GR-4.1.6 may be varied by the CBB, depending on the nature of the proposed transfer, such as the materiality of the business concerned and its impact on customers.
- GR-4.1.8 The CBB's approval may be given subject to any conditions deemed appropriate by the CBB. In all cases where additional requirements are imposed, the CBB shall state the reasons for doing so.
- **GR-4.1.9** At its discretion, the CBB may require that a notice of proposed transfer of business be published in the Official Gazette, and/or in at least two local daily newspapers (one in Arabic, the other in English), in order to give affected customers the right to comment on the proposed transfer. Where such a requirement has been imposed, the CBB's decision on the application will also be published in the Official Gazette and in at least two local daily newspapers. In all such cases, the costs of publication must be met by the transferor.
- GR-4.1.10 Publication under paragraph GR-4.1.9 will generally only be required where a proposed transfer involves a large number of customers or is otherwise deemed necessary in order to protect customer interests.
- GR-4.1.11 <u>Investment firm licensees</u> are also reminded of the requirements regarding <u>client</u> <u>assets</u> contained in Module CL (Client Assets).
- GR-4.1.12 The requirements in this Chapter are based on the powers available to the CBB in Articles 66 to 68 of the CBB Law.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-5: | Controllers |

GR-5.1 Key Provisions

GR-5.1.1

Whenever they are aware of such cases, <u>investment firm licensees</u> must obtain prior approval from the CBB for any of the following changes to their <u>controllers</u> (as defined in Section GR-5.2):

- (a) A new <u>controller;</u>
- (b) An existing <u>controller</u> increasing its holding from below 20% to above 20%;
- (c) An existing <u>controller</u> increasing its holding from below 50% to above 50%; and
- (d) An existing <u>controller</u> reducing its holding from above 50% to below 50%.
- GR-5.1.2 Articles 52 to 56 of the CBB Law require notification to the CBB of all <u>controllers</u> of <u>licensees</u> and of listed companies; it further gives the CBB the right to refuse approval of <u>controllers</u> if deemed damaging to the interests of the market, customers, or in contravention of the criteria set by the CBB.
- GR-5.1.3 [This Paragraph deleted 07/2007.]
- **GR-5.1.4**

Requests for approval under Paragraph GR-5.1.1 must be made by submitting a duly completed Form 2 (Application for Authorisation of Controller) to the CBB. Notification must be made by the <u>controller</u> or intended <u>controller</u>, and by the <u>licensee</u> where it is aware of the change.

- GR-5.1.4A
- Where a <u>controller</u> is a legal person, any change in its shareholding must be notified to the CBB at the earlier of:
 - (a) When the change takes effect; and
 - (b) When the <u>controller</u> becomes aware of the proposed change.
- **GR-5.1.5** If, as a result of circumstances outside the <u>investment firm licensee's</u> knowledge and/or control, one of the changes specified in Paragraph GR-5.1.1 is triggered prior to CBB approval being sought or obtained, the <u>investment firm licensee</u> must notify the CBB as soon as it becomes aware of the fact.
- **GR-5.1.6** For approval under Rule GR-5.1.1 to be granted, the applicant must satisfy the CBB that the proposed change in <u>controller</u> poses no undue risks to the <u>licensee</u> or its customers, and is not damaging to the interests of the market, as defined in the suitability criteria for <u>controllers</u>, contained in Section GR-5.3.



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| CHAPTER | GR-5: | Controllers |

GR-5.1 Key Provisions (continued)

- **GR-5.1.7** An approval of <u>controller</u> is valid for the period specified in the approval letter issued by the CBB. The CBB may impose any restrictions that it considers necessary to be observed when granting its approval.
- GR-5.1.7A The approval process is specified in Section GR-5.4.
- **GR-5.1.8** <u>Investment firm licensees</u> must submit, within 3 months of their financial year-end, a report on their <u>controllers</u>. This report must identify all <u>controllers</u> of the <u>licensee</u>, as defined in Section GR-5.2.



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| CHAPTER | GR-5: | Controllers |

GR-5.2 Definition of Controller

| GR-5.2.1 |
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|----------|

A <u>controller</u> of an <u>investment firm licensee</u> is a natural or legal person who, either alone or with his associates:

- (a) Holds 10% or more of the shares in the <u>licensee</u> ('L'), or is able to exercise (or control the exercise of) more than 10% of the voting power in L; or
- (b) Holds 10% or more of the shares in a <u>parent undertaking</u> ('P') of L, or is able to exercise (or control the exercise of) more than 10% of the voting power in P; or
- (c) Is able to exercise significant influence over the management of L or P.

GR-5.2.2

For the purposes of Paragraph GR-5.2.1, 'associate' includes:

- (a) In the case of natural persons, a member of the <u>controller's</u> <u>family;</u>
- (b) An undertaking of which a <u>controller</u> is a <u>Director</u>;
- (c) A person who is an employee or partner of the <u>controller;</u>
- (d) If the <u>controller</u> is a corporate entity, a <u>Director</u> of the <u>controller</u>, a subsidiary of the <u>controller</u>, or a <u>Director</u> of any subsidiary undertaking of the <u>controller</u>.

GR-5.2.3

Associate also includes any other person or undertaking with which the <u>controller</u> has entered into an agreement or arrangement as to the acquisition, holding or disposal of shares or other interests in the <u>investment firm licensee</u>, or under which they undertake to act together in exercising their voting power in relation to the <u>investment</u> <u>firm licensee</u>.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-5: | Controllers |

GR-5.3 Suitability of Controllers

GR-5.3.1

All new <u>controllers</u> or prospective <u>controllers</u> (as defined in Section GR-5.2) of a <u>Bahraini investment firm licensee</u> must obtain the approval of the CBB. Any increases to existing <u>controllers'</u> holdings or voting control (as outlined under paragraph GR-5.1.1) must also be approved by the CBB and are subject to the conditions outlined in this Section. Such changes in existing <u>controllers</u> (as defined in the Section GR-5.2) or new/prospective <u>controllers</u> of an <u>investment firm licensee</u> must satisfy the CBB of their suitability and appropriateness according to the criteria outlined in Paragraphs GR-5.3.2 to GR-5.3.5. The CBB will issue an approval notice or notice of refusal of a controller according to the approval process outlined in Section GR-5.4 and Paragraph GR-5.1.6.

- GR-5.3.1A In line with Resolution No.(43) of 2011, the CBB may require, on a case-by-case basis, and at its sole discretion that at least one of the <u>controllers</u> is a regulated financial institution holding at least 20% of the <u>investment firm licensee's</u> shares.
- GR-5.3.2 In assessing the suitability of <u>controllers</u> who are natural persons, the CBB has regard to their professional and personal conduct, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (a) The propriety of a person's conduct, whether or not such conduct resulted in conviction for a criminal offence, the contravention of a law or regulation, or the institution of legal or disciplinary proceedings;
 - (b) A conviction or finding of guilt in respect of any offence, other than a minor traffic offence, by any court or competent jurisdiction;
 - (c) Any adverse finding in a civil action by any court or competent jurisdiction, relating to fraud, misfeasance or other misconduct in connection with the formation or management of a corporation or partnership;
 - (d) Whether the person has been the subject of any disciplinary proceeding by any government authority, regulatory agency or professional body or association;
 - (e) The contravention of any financial services legislation or regulation;
 - (f) Whether the person has ever been refused a license, authorisation, registration or other authority;
 - (g) Dismissal or a request to resign from any office or employment;
 - (h) Disqualification by a court, regulator or other competent body, as a <u>Director</u> or as a manager of a corporation;
 - Whether the person has been a <u>Director</u>, partner or manager of a corporation or partnership which has gone into liquidation or administration or where one or more partners or managers have been declared bankrupt whilst the person was connected with that partnership or corporation;
 - (j) The extent to which the person, has been truthful and open with regulators;
 - (k) Whether the person has ever been adjudged bankrupt, entered into any arrangement with creditors in relation to the inability to pay due debts, or failed to satisfy a judgement debt under a court order or has defaulted on any debts;



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-5: | Controllers |

GR-5.3 Suitability of Controllers (continued)

GR-5.3.2 (continued)

- (I) The financial resources of the person and the likely stability of their shareholding, and their track record as a <u>controller</u> or significant investor in financial institutions;
- (m) Existing Directorships or ownership of more than 20% of the capital or voting rights of any financial institution in the Kingdom of Bahrain or elsewhere, and the potential for conflicts of interest that such Directorships or ownership may imply;
- (n) The legitimate interests of investors, creditors and <u>shareholders</u> (including minority shareholders) of the <u>licensee</u>;
- (o) Whether the approval of a <u>controller</u> is or could be detrimental to Bahrain's financial sector; and
- (p) Whether the person is able to deal with existing <u>shareholders</u> and the Board in a constructive and co-operative manner.

GR-5.3.3 Natural persons who intend to take a stake of 20% or more in a <u>Bahraini investment</u> <u>firm licensee</u> are subject to enhanced scrutiny, given the CBB's position as <u>home</u> <u>supervisor</u> of such <u>licensees</u>. The level of scrutiny and the expected compliance with the above standards become more onerous as the level of proposed ownership increases. Natural persons will not normally be approved to take majority control (i.e. a stake of 50% or more of either the capital or voting rights) of a <u>Bahraini</u> investment firm licensee.

- GR-5.3.4 In assessing the suitability of <u>controllers</u> who are legal persons, CBB has regard to their financial standing, judicial and regulatory record, and standards of business practice and reputation, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (a) The financial strength of the <u>controller</u>, its parent(s) and other members of its group, its implications for the <u>investment firm licensee</u> and the likely stability of the <u>controller's</u> shareholding;
 - (b) Whether the <u>controller</u> or members of its group has ever entered into any arrangement with creditors in relation to the inability to pay due debts;
 - (c) The <u>controller's</u> jurisdiction of incorporation, location of Head Office, group structure and <u>close links</u>, and the implications for the <u>investment firm licensee</u> as regards effective supervision of the <u>investment firm licensee</u> and potential conflicts of interest;
 - (d) The <u>controller's</u> (and other group members') propriety and general standards of business conduct, including the contravention of any laws or regulations, or the institution of disciplinary proceedings by a government authority, regulatory agency or professional body;
 - (e) Any adverse finding in a civil action by any court or competent jurisdiction, relating to fraud, misfeasance or other misconduct;
 - (f) Any criminal actions instigated against the <u>controller</u> or other members of its group, whether or not this resulted in an adverse finding;
 - (g) The extent to which the <u>controller</u> or other members of its group have been truthful and open with regulators and supervisors;



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| CHAPTER | GR-5: | Controllers |

GR-5.3 Suitability of Controllers (continued)

- GR-5.3.4 (continued)
 - (h) Whether the person has ever been refused a license, authorisation, registration or other authority;
 - (i) The person's track record as a <u>controller</u> or investor in financial institutions;
 - (j) The legitimate interests of investors, creditors and <u>shareholders</u> of the <u>licensee</u>;
 - (k) Whether their approval as a <u>controller</u> is or could be detrimental to Bahrain's financial sector; and
 - (l) Whether the person is able to deal with existing <u>shareholders</u> and the Board in a constructive manner.

GR-5.3.5 Legal persons who intend to take a stake of 20% or more in a Bahraini investment firm licensee are subject to enhanced scrutiny, given the CBB's position as home supervisor of such licensees. The level of scrutiny and of expected compliance with the above standards becomes more onerous as the level of proposed ownership increases. In particular, unregulated legal persons will not normally be approved to take majority control (i.e. a stake of 50% or more of either the capital or voting rights) of a <u>Bahraini investment firm licensee</u>, unless the proposed parent is a wellestablished business (that satisfies the above conditions), and its ownership would not pose undue conflicts of interest. Regulated legal persons will normally only be approved to take majority control where – in addition to the above conditions – the resulting group would be subject to effective consolidated supervision in accordance with relevant international standards; and the home supervisor of the parent entity has agreed to the proposed acquisition, as well as to the sharing of relevant prudential information for supervisory purposes (expressed, if necessary, through the signing of a Memorandum of Understanding between the CBB and the home supervisor, setting out their respective supervisory responsibilities).

GR-5.3.6 The CBB may contact references and supervisory bodies in connection with any information provided to support an application for <u>controller</u>. The CBB may also ask for further information, in addition to that provided in the Form 2, if required to satisfy itself as to the suitability of the applicant.



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| CHAPTER | GR-5: | Controllers |

GR-5.4 Approval Process

- **GR-5.4.1** Within 3 months of receipt of an approval request under Paragraph GR-5.1.1, the CBB will issue a written notice of approval (or of refusal, if it is not satisfied that the person concerned is suitable to become a <u>controller</u> of the <u>investment firm licensee</u>). The notice of refusal will specify the reasons for the objection and specify the applicant's right of appeal. Where an approval notice is given, it will specify the period for which it is valid and any conditions that may be applied.
- GR-5.4.2 Article 53 allows the CBB up to 3 months in which to respond to an application, although the CBB normally aims to respond within 30 calendar days. Notices of refusal have to be approved by an Executive Director of the CBB. The applicant has 30 calendar days from the date of a notice in which to appeal a decision to refuse the application or any conditions imposed as a condition of approval. The CBB then has 30 calendar days from the date of the appeal in which to consider any mitigating evidence submitted and make a final determination. See Module EN (Enforcement).
- GR-5.4.3 Where a person has become a <u>controller</u> by virtue of their shareholding in contravention of Paragraph GR-5.1.1, or a notice of refusal has been served on them under Paragraph GR-5.4.1 and the period of appeal has expired, the CBB may, by notice in writing served on the person concerned, instruct the person concerned to transfer such shares, or refrain from exercising voting rights in respect of such shares.
- GR-5.4.4 If the person concerned fails to take the action specified under Paragraph GR-5.4.3, then the CBB may seek a court order to take appropriate measures: these may include forcing the person to sell their shares.
- GR-5.4.5 The powers available to the CBB that are described in Paragraphs GR-5.4.3 and GR-5.4.4 are specified in Article 56 of the CBB Law.
- GR-5.4.6 In addition to the above requirements, <u>investment firm licensees</u> are encouraged to notify the CBB as soon as they become aware of events that are likely to lead to major changes in their <u>controllers</u>. Any supervisory implications of such changes can then be discussed prior to the filing of a formal approval request.



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| CHAPTER | GR-6: | Close Links |

GR-6.1 Key Provisions

- GR-6.1.1 Condition 3 of the CBB's licensing conditions specifies, amongst other things, that investment firm licensees must satisfy the CBB that their close links do not prevent the effective supervision of the licensee and otherwise pose no undue risks to the licensee. (See Paragraph AU-2.3.1).
- GR-6.1.2 Applicants for an <u>investment firm license</u> must provide details of their <u>close links</u>, as provided for under Form 1 (Application for a License). (See Paragraph AU-5.1.1).

GR-6.1.3 <u>Investment firm licensees</u> must submit to the CBB, within 3 months of their financial year-end, a report on their <u>close links</u>. The report must identify all undertakings closely linked to the <u>licensee</u>, as defined in Section GR-6.2.

GR-6.1.4 <u>Investment firm licensees</u> may satisfy the requirement in Paragraph GR-6.1.3 by submitting a corporate structure chart, identifying all undertakings closely linked to the <u>licensee</u>.



<u>Investment firm licensees</u> must provide information on undertakings with which they are closely linked, as requested by the CBB.



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| CHAPTER | GR-6: | Close Links |

GR-6.2 Definition of Close Links

| GR-6.2.1 |
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An <u>investment firm licensee</u> ('L') has close links with another undertaking ('U'), if:

- (a) U is a <u>parent undertaking</u> of L;
- (b) U is a subsidiary undertaking of L;
- (c) U is a subsidiary undertaking of a parent undertaking of L;
- (d) U, or any other subsidiary undertaking of its parent, owns or controls 20% or more of the voting rights or capital of L; or
- (e) L, any of its parent or subsidiary undertakings, or any of the subsidiary undertakings of its parent, owns or controls 20% or more of the voting rights or capital of U.



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| CHAPTER | GR-6: | Close Links |

GR-6.3 Assessment Criteria

- GR-6.3.1 In assessing whether an <u>investment firm licensee's close links</u> may prevent the effective supervision of the firm, or otherwise poses no undue risks to the <u>investment firm licensee</u>, the CBB takes into account the following:
 - (a) Whether the CBB will receive adequate information from the <u>investment firm</u> <u>licensee</u>, and those with whom the <u>licensee</u> has <u>close links</u>, to enable it to determine whether the <u>licensee</u> is complying with CBB requirements;
 - (b) The structure and geographical spread of the <u>licensee</u>, its group and other undertakings with which it has <u>close links</u>, and whether this might hinder the provision of adequate and reliable flows of information to the CBB, for instance because of operations in territories which restrict the free flow of information for supervisory purposes;
 - (c) In the case of an <u>overseas investment firm licensee</u>, whether the <u>investment</u> <u>firm licensee</u> and its group will be subject to supervision on a consolidated basis (for example, if a financial resources requirement is determined for the group as a whole); and
 - (d) Whether it is possible to assess with confidence the overall financial position of the group at any particular time, and whether there are factors that might hinder this, such as group members having different financial year ends or auditors, or the corporate structure being unnecessarily complex and opaque.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-7: | Cessation of Business |

GR-7.1 CBB Approval

GR-7.1.1

As specified in Article 50 of the CBB Law, an <u>investment firm licensee</u> wishing to cease to provide or suspend all or any of its licensed regulated services, completely or at any of its branches, must obtain prior written approval from the CBB.

- **GR-7.1.2** If the <u>investment firm licensee</u> wishes to transfer client assets to a third party, it must also comply with the requirements contained in Chapter GR-4.
- GR-7.1.2A If the <u>investment firm licensee</u> wishes to liquidate its business, the CBB will revise its license to restrict the firm from entering into new business. The licensee must continue to comply with all applicable CBB requirements until such time as it is formally notified by the CBB that its obligations have been discharged and that it may surrender its license.
- GR-7.1.3

In the case of a <u>Bahraini investment firm licensee</u>, Chapter GR-7 applies both to its business booked in Bahrain and in the firm's overseas branches. In the case of an <u>overseas investment firm licensee</u>, Chapter GR-7 applies only to business booked in the firm's Bahrain branch.

- **GR-7.1.4** <u>Investment firm licensees</u> seeking to obtain the CBB's permission to cease business must apply to the CBB in writing, in the form of a formal request together with supporting documents. Unless otherwise directed by the CBB, the following requirements must be provided in support of the request:
 - (a) Full details of the business to be terminated;
 - (b) The rationale for the cessation;
 - (c) How the <u>licensee</u> proposes to cease business;
 - (d) Notice of an Extraordinary Meeting setting out the agenda to discuss and approve the cessation, and inviting the CBB for such meeting;
 - (e) Evidence that the proposed cessation has been duly authorised by the <u>licensee</u> (such as a certified copy of a Board resolution approving the cessation);
 - (f) Formal request to the CBB for the appointment of a liquidator acceptable to the CBB;
 - (g) A cut-off date by which the <u>licensee</u> will stop its operations;
 - (h) If the <u>investment firm licensee</u> wishes to cease its whole business, confirmation that the <u>licensee</u> will not enter into new business with effect from the cut-off date;



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-7: | Cessation of Business |

GR-7.1 CBB Approval (continued)

- (i) Once the CBB has given its approval to an application to cease business, the <u>licensee</u> must publish a notice of its intention to cease business in two local daily newspapers (one in Arabic, the other in English). Notices must also be displayed in the premises (including any branch offices) of the <u>licensee</u> concerned. These notices must be given not less than 30 calendar days before the cessation is to take effect, and must include such information as the CBB may specify;
- (j) The audited accounts of the <u>licensee</u> as of the last date on which it stopped operations. The commencement of such accounts should be the beginning of the financial year of the <u>licensee</u>;
- (k) If applicable, an assessment of the impact of the cessation on any customers directly affected by the cessation, and any mitigating factors or measures;
- (1) If applicable, an assessment of the impact of the cessation on the <u>licensee's</u> remaining business and customers, and any mitigating factors or measures; and
- (m) The final liquidator's report of the <u>licensee</u>.
- GR-7.1.5 <u>Licensees</u> intending to apply to cease business are advised to contact the CBB at the earliest possible opportunity, prior to submitting a formal application, in order that the CBB may determine the nature and level of documentation to be provided and the need for an auditor or other expert opinion to be provided to support the application. The documentation specified in Paragraph GR-7.1.4 may be varied by the CBB, depending on the nature of the proposed cessation, such as the materiality of the business concerned and its impact on customers.
- GR-7.1.6 Approval to cease business will generally be given where adequate arrangements have been made to offer alternative arrangements to any affected customers. The CBB's approval may be given subject to any conditions deemed appropriate by the CBB. In all cases where additional requirements are imposed, the CBB shall state the reasons for doing so.
- GR-7.1.7 The notice referred to in Subparagraph GR-7.1.4 (i) must include a statement that written representations concerning the liquidation may be submitted to the CBB before a specified day, which shall not be later than thirty calendar days after the day of the first publication of the notice. The CBB will not decide on the application until after considering any representations made to the CBB before the specified day.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-7: | Cessation of Business |

GR-7.1 CBB Approval (continued)

| GR-7.1.8 | Upon satisfactorily meeting the requirements set out in GR-7.1.4, the |
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| | investment firm licensee must surrender the original license certificate |
| | issued by the Licensing & Policy Directorate at the time of establishment, and submit confirmation of the cancellation of its commercial registration from the Ministry of Industry and Commerce. |

- GR-7.1.9 Where the CBB has given its approval to cancel or amend a license, then it will also publish its decision in the Official Gazette, as well as in two local daily newspapers (one in Arabic, the other in English), once this decision has been implemented.
- **GR-7.1.9A** The publication cost of these notices mentioned in Paragraph GR-7.1.9 is to be met by the <u>investment firm licensee</u> concerned.
- **GR-7.1.10** The <u>investment firm</u> licensee must continue to comply with all applicable CBB requirements until such time as it is formally notified by the CBB that its obligations have been discharged.
- **GR-7.1.11** An <u>investment firm licensee</u> in liquidation must continue to meet its contractual and regulatory obligations to customers and creditors.
- GR-7.1.11A If no objections to the liquidation are upheld by the CBB, the CBB may then issue a written notice of approval for the surrender of the license.
- **GR-7.1.12** If a <u>Category 2 investment firm</u> or a <u>Category 3 investment firm</u> applies to the CBB for voluntary surrender of its authorisation, it must ensure that suitable arrangements are in place for professional indemnity coverage, to continue in respect of any unreported claims arising from past sales or advice, in accordance with Rule GR-9.1.8.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-8: | Appointed Representatives |

GR-8.1 Key Provisions

- GR-8.1.1 An <u>investment firm licensee</u> may appoint as its representative a person who is not directly authorised by the CBB, known as an <u>appointed</u> <u>representative</u>. <u>Investment firm licensees</u> that appoint <u>appointed</u> <u>representatives</u> are called <u>licensed principals</u>.
- GR-8.1.2 <u>Appointed representatives</u> are persons acting on behalf, and under the overall control of a licensed principal. They are effectively an extension of the licensed principal. The licensed principal takes full responsibility for the actions of their appointed representatives vis-à-vis the CBB.

| GR-8.1.3 |
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| GR-8.1.4 |

An <u>appointed representative</u> may be a natural or corporate person.

An <u>appointed representative</u> may act on behalf of no more than one <u>investment firm licensee</u>, or a single corporate group comprising several licensed entities.

GR-8.1.5

An <u>appointed representative</u> may only undertake on behalf of its <u>licensed principal</u> the types of business for which the <u>licensed principal</u> is authorised to undertake by the CBB.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-8: | Appointed Representatives |

GR-8.1 Key Provisions (continued)

GR-8.1.6

An appointment by an <u>investment firm licensee</u> of an <u>appointed</u> <u>representative</u> must be the subject of a written contract of agency. This contract must state, inter alia:

- (a) The name of the <u>appointed representative;</u>
- (b) The name of the <u>licensed principal;</u>
- (c) That the <u>licensed principal</u> is responsible for the actions and conduct of the representative concerned when acting or purporting to act under it, with respect to regulated activities (without prejudice to any rights to bring actions for damages by the <u>licensed principal</u> against the <u>appointed representative</u> or vice versa);
- (d) The type(s) of business for which the agency is granted;
- (e) That the <u>appointed representative</u> allows full access to the CBB, the <u>licensed principal</u> and the <u>licensed principal's</u> external auditors, given reasonable notice, to all records relating to the business falling within its agency;
- (f) The terms and conditions for the handling of and accounting for <u>client money</u>, including a statement that the <u>appointed</u> <u>representative</u> is acting solely as agent of the <u>licensed principal</u> in the handling of such money; and
- (g) The conditions for cancellation, which cannot alter or cancel the continuing responsibility of the <u>investment firm licensee</u> to take responsibility for the <u>appointed representative's</u> action and conduct (without prejudice to any rights to bring actions for damages by the licensed firm against the representative or vice versa).



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-8: | Appointed Representatives |

GR-8.1 Key Provisions (continued)

- GR-8.1.7 The powers of access given to the CBB and the <u>licensed principal's</u> auditors by sub-Paragraph GR-8.1.6 (e) are in order to ensure that the agency's relationship between the <u>licensed principal</u> and the <u>appointed representative</u> does not impede the effective supervision of the <u>licensed principal</u> by the CBB.
- **GR-8.1.8** Once appointed, the <u>licensed principal</u> must take full responsibility for the actions and conduct of the <u>appointed representative</u>, in respect of any matters of compliance with, or breach of, the requirements of the CBB Rulebook that relate to activities of the <u>appointed representative</u> acting within the real or implied authority of the <u>licensed principal</u>. This is without prejudice to any rights of redress the <u>licensed principal</u> may have at law against the <u>appointed representative</u>.
- **GR-8.1.9** The <u>licensed principal</u> must ensure that the <u>appointed representative</u> complies with the provisions of the CBB Rulebook applicable to the activities being undertaken in accordance with the agency, including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Record-keeping;
 - (b) Business conduct; and
 - (c) Financial crime requirements.
- GR-8.1.10
- The <u>licensed principal</u> must ensure that periodic monitoring of the <u>appointed representative</u> is undertaken to ensure the adequacy of the systems and controls in place. The <u>licensed principal</u> or an appropriately qualified independent party may undertake this monitoring.
- **GR-8.1.11** All appointments of <u>appointed representatives</u>, variations in terms of appointment and cancellations of appointment must be notified in writing to the CBB no later than 5 working days after they have taken place.
- **GR-8.1.12** An <u>appointed representative</u> must at all times act within the limits of his authority in the conduct of activities covered by the terms of the agency agreement.
- **GR-8.1.13** An <u>appointed representative</u> must disclose to clients the relationship that he has with the <u>licensed principal</u> and any other parties, that could reasonably be considered material to the investment transaction concerned.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-9: | Professional Indemnity Coverage |

GR-9.1 Key Provisions

- **GR-9.1.1** Category 2 investment firms and Category 3 investment firms must maintain professional indemnity coverage. The professional indemnity coverage must be obtained from an insurance firm acceptable to the CBB and licensed in the Kingdom of Bahrain. Category 2 investment firms and Category 3 investment firms must submit a Professional Indemnity Insurance Return (Form PIIR) on a quarterly basis as part of the Quarterly Prudential Return Form (ref. BR-1.1). Additionally, they must provide, upon request, evidence to the CBB of the coverage in force.
- GR-9.1.1A In accordance with Paragraph EN-B.3.1, <u>investment firm licensees</u> may not enter into or make a claim under a contract of insurance that is intended to, or has the effect of, indemnifying them from the financial penalties provided for in Module EN.
- GR-9.1.2 The requirement to maintain professional indemnity coverage will normally be met by the <u>investment firm licensee</u> concerned obtaining an insurance policy from an insurance firm. The CBB may also accept an insurance indemnity policy issued at group level, e.g. issued with respect to the parent of the <u>investment firm licensee</u>, provided the terms of the policy explicitly provide indemnity coverage with respect to the <u>investment firm licensee</u>. Similarly, <u>overseas investment firm licensees</u> may provide evidence of professional indemnity coverage maintained by their head office, providing that the coverage of the professional indemnity extends to the operations of the branch operating in Bahrain.
- **GR-9.1.3** Upon written application to the CBB, the requirement in Rule GR-9.1.1 may instead be met by the <u>investment firm licensee</u> depositing with a retail bank licensed to operate in the Kingdom of Bahrain, an amount, specified by the CBB, to be held in escrow against future claims. This amount will not be less than the minimum required policy limit.
- **GR-9.1.4** An <u>investment firm licensee</u> must assess its insurance needs with respect to professional indemnity to ensure its adequacy to the level of business undertaken, notwithstanding the minimum limit of indemnity.
- **GR-9.1.5** The minimum limit of indemnity is BD 100,000 for <u>Category 2</u> investment firms and BD 75,000 for <u>Category 3 investment firms</u>.
- **GR-9.1.6** The maximum excess or deductible allowable under the policy shall be BD 15,000.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-9: | Professional Indemnity Coverage |

GR-9.1 Key Provisions (continued)

GR-9.1.7 Unless otherwise agreed in writing with the CBB, the policy must contain a clause that it may not be cancelled or lapsed without the prior notification of the CBB. The policy must also contain a provision for an automatic extended reporting period in the event that the policy is cancelled or lapsed, such that claims relating to the period during which the policy was in force may subsequently still be reported.

GR-9.1.8 If a <u>Category 2 investment firm</u> or <u>Category 3 investment firm</u> applies to the CBB for a voluntary surrender of its authorisation, it must ensure that suitable arrangements are in place for professional indemnity coverage to continue in respect of any unreported claims arising from past sales or advice.

- GR-9.1.9 The CBB will not allow a voluntary surrender of authorisation to take effect until the investment firm licensee, in the opinion of the CBB, has discharged all its regulatory responsibilities to its <u>clients</u>. See also Section AU-5.5, on the cancellation of authorisation.
- GR-9.1.10 As provided for in Module ES, professional indemnity coverage requirements must be met by <u>Category 2 investment firms</u> and <u>Category 3 investment firms</u>, which were licensed prior to the introduction of Volume 4 (Investment Business) in April 2006, by December 31, 2006. <u>Category 2 investment firms</u> and <u>Category 3 investment firms</u> licensed after April 2006 are required to comply with the CBB's professional indemnity coverage requirements, from the point they are given a license.
- **GR-9.1.11** Category 2 investment firms and Category 3 investment firms must prominently display in their premises a notice stating that they have in place professional indemnity coverage that meets the minimum requirements of the CBB and the period of coverage, such that claims relating to the period during which the policy was in force may subsequently still be reported.
- GR-9.1.12 The above notice may either be issued by the insurance company on behalf of the <u>investment firm licensee</u>, or by the <u>licensee</u> itself. The notice should specify the main features of the coverage maintained (or, where relevant, the amount of funds placed in escrow, in accordance with Rule GR-9.1.3). It should also specify the procedures for submitting a claim under the coverage maintained.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
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| CHAPTER | GR-10: | Branches, Subsidiaries and Representative Offices |

GR-10.1 General Requirements

GR-10.1.1 As specified in Articles 51 and 57 of the CBB Law, a <u>Bahraini investment</u> <u>firm licensee</u> incorporated in Bahrain must seek CBB approval and give reasonable advance notice of its intention to:

- (a) Enter into a merger with another undertaking;
- (b) Enter into a proposed acquisition, disposal or establishment of a new <u>subsidiary undertaking</u>; or
- (c) Open a new place of business as a <u>subsidiary undertaking</u>, a <u>branch</u> or a <u>representative office</u> within the Kingdom of Bahrain or other jurisdiction.

GR-10.1.2 Rule GR-10.1.1 applies whether or not the <u>investment firm licensee</u> is required to be regulated locally in the jurisdiction where it proposes to undertake the investment business.

- GR-10.1.3 The CBB will consider as one of its criteria to approve, impose additional requirements on the <u>investment firm licensee</u> or refuse an application under Paragraph GR-10.1.1, the information related to Paragraph GR-10.1.2.
- GR-10.1.4 <u>Bahraini investment firm licensees</u> will also need to consider the implications of a merger, acquisition, disposal or establishment of a new <u>subsidiary undertaking</u> in the context of the <u>controllers</u> and <u>close links</u> rules set out in Sections GR-5 and GR-6.
- GR-10.1.5 An <u>overseas investment firm licensee</u>, whilst not having to give advance notice of a proposed merger with another undertaking, a proposed acquisition, disposal or establishment of a new <u>subsidiary undertaking</u> under Rule GR-10.1.1, will still need to consider the implications of such transactions in the context of the <u>controllers</u> and <u>close links</u> rules set out in Module GR.

Establishment of a Subsidiary

GR-10.1.6 The purpose and objectives of a <u>subsidiary undertaking</u> referred to in Rule GR-10.1.1 must be limited to the permissible activities within the scope of the investment business license as defined under <u>regulated</u> <u>investment services</u> in Section AU-1.4.



| MODULE | GR: | General Requirements |
|---------|--------|--|
| CHAPTER | GR-10: | Branches, Subsidiaries and Representative Offices |

GR-10.1 General Requirements (continued)

<u>Investment firm licensees</u> wishing to establish or acquire a <u>subsidiary</u> <u>undertaking</u> must submit the following information to the CBB as part of the approval process referred to in Paragraph GR-10.1.1:

- (a) **Proposed name of subsidiary;**
- (b) Country of incorporation;
- (c) Legal structure;
- (d) Proposed paid-up capital;
- (e) **Proposed shareholding structure;**
- (f) Purpose of establishing or acquiring the subsidiary;
- (g) Draft incorporation documents of the subsidiary;
- (h) Board Resolution approving the establishment or acquisition of the subsidiary; and
- (i) Any other information or documentation as required by the CBB.
- GR-10.1.8 <u>Investment firm licensees</u> referred to in Paragraph GR-10.1.7 must comply with Paragraphs GR-6.1.3 (reporting requirements for close links), RM-B.2.2 (risk management of subsidiaries), CA-1.2.9 and CA-2.1.13 (impact of investment in subsidiaries on capital adequacy).

Establishment of a Branch or Representative Office

GR-10.1.9

<u>Investment firm licensees</u> wishing to establish a <u>branch</u> or a <u>representative office</u> in a jurisdiction other than the Kingdom of Bahrain, must submit the following information to the CBB as part of the approval process referred to in Paragraph GR-10.1.1:

- (a) Name of the <u>host supervisor;</u>
- (b) Proposed license type of the <u>branch;</u>
- (c) Purpose of establishing the <u>branch</u> or <u>representative office;</u>
- (d) Board Resolution approving the establishment of the <u>branch</u> or <u>representative office</u>;
- (e) The minimum requirements of the host jurisdiction; and
- (f) Any other information or documentation as required by the CBB.

GR-10.1.7